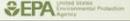


SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 1 – Course Introduction and Objectives

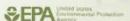
ICS INSTITUTE  1

SITL

Please....

In consideration of your fellow students and the instructors, please silence all cell phones...

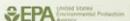


ICS INSTITUTE  2

SITL

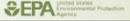
Logistics

- ▶ Student Registration Card
- ▶ Student Evaluation Form
- ▶ Facility Information
- ▶ Course Objectives / Agenda
- ▶ Student Handouts

ICS INSTITUTE  3

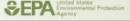
Facility Information SITL

- ▶ Classroom
- ▶ Restrooms
- ▶ Alarms and emergency exits
- ▶ Lunch

ICS INSTITUTE  4

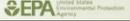
Course Certificate SITL

- ▶ Attendance is mandatory
- ▶ Participate in class exercises

ICS INSTITUTE  5

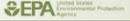
Course Objective SITL

- ▶ Upon completion of this course, students will demonstrate, through exercises and a final exercise, an understanding of the duties, responsibilities, and capabilities of an effective Situation Unit Leader

ICS INSTITUTE  6

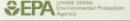
Course Objectives (cont.) SITL

- ▶ Identify the Situation Unit's mission and function
- ▶ Understand the management and leadership function of the Situation Unit Leader
- ▶ Define the interactions of the Situation Unit Leader with other functional positions in the Incident Management Team

ICS INSTITUTE  7

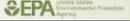
Course Objectives (cont.) SITL

- ▶ Describe the types of and sources of information that the Situation Unit utilizes
- ▶ List the products that the Situation Unit prepares or assists in preparing

ICS INSTITUTE  8

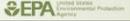
Course Topics SITL

- ▶ Unit 1: Course Introduction and Objectives
- ▶ Unit 2: Overview of the Situation Unit (Exercise 1)
- ▶ Unit 3: ICS – The Planning Section and the Planning Process
- ▶ Unit 4: The Incident Action Plan (IAP)
- ▶ Unit 5: Staffing and Organizing the Situation Unit (Ex. 2)
- ▶ Unit 6: Intelligence and Information Products
- ▶ Unit 7: The Situation Report (SitRep) (Ex. 3)

ICS INSTITUTE  9

Course Topics SITL

- ▶ Unit 8: Data Management 101
- ▶ Unit 9: Data Management Tools (Ex. 4)
- ▶ Unit 10: Case Study – Valley Fire
- ▶ Unit 11: Geospatial Introduction
- ▶ Unit 12: Geospatial Map Products
- ▶ Unit 13: Case Study – R7 Floods (Ex. 5)
- ▶ Unit 14: Miscellaneous SITL Topics

ICS INSTITUTE  10

Course Topics SITL

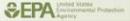
- ▶ Unit 15: Situation Unit Close-out
- ▶ Unit 16: SITL Day-in-the-Life
- ▶ Final Exercise (Group)
- ▶ Course Evaluation and Close-out

ICS INSTITUTE  11

Introductions SITL

- ▶ Name
- ▶ Organization
- ▶ Job Description
- ▶ IMT Experience
- ▶ IMT Position-Specific Training



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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Mission and Function

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SITL

Introduction to the Situation Unit

- ▶ Situation Unit is Responsible For
 - Determining information needs
 - Gathering information
 - Processing information
 - Displaying information
 - Turning information into Intelligence

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SITL

Job References

- ▶ U.S. EPA Incident Management Handbook
 - “Responsible for collecting, processing, organizing, displaying, and disseminating all incident information.” (Status and situation.) IMH, p. 9-5.*
- ▶ Situation Unit Leader Job Aid

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Situation Unit Mission SITL

To support the IMT planning process by:

1. Providing incident personnel with timely and accurate incident status information via accurate displays and reports.
2. Creating situation reports to send up the EPA management chain.

ICS INSTITUTE  16

Effective Plans Require Intelligence SITL

► Based on

- Quality information
- Timely information
- Constantly updated information
- Accurate and usable displays of information
- Information that has been verified and analyzed



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Functions of the Situation Unit SITL

► To perform the functions of a SITL they have to understand the situation.

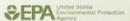


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Understand the Situation SITL

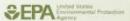
- ▶ What has happened?
- ▶ What progress has been made?
- ▶ What are the perimeters?
- ▶ What work is ongoing currently?
- ▶ What is our endpoint?



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Functions of the Situation Unit SITL

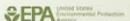
- ▶ Collecting and organizing status information relevant to the incident
- ▶ Analyzing and evaluating incident information
- ▶ Preparing and displaying incident information
- ▶ Providing mapping services
- ▶ Submitting reports and providing documentation
- ▶ *Providing predictive services (EU)*
- ▶ *Providing risk assessments (EU)*

ICS INSTITUTE  20

Incident Information:  **SITU Products:** SITL

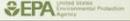
- Staging Areas
- Sample Locations
- Containers Collected
- Cu Yds. of disposed waste
- Personnel On Scene
- Air Monitoring Results
- Shoreline Oiling
- Photos
- Etc

- ▶ Briefing Maps
- ▶ Field Maps
- ▶ SitRep
- ▶ Progress tracking
- ▶ Incident Summary Display

ICS INSTITUTE  21

Response Types SITL

- ▶ CERCLA
- ▶ OPA
- ▶ Stafford Act
- ▶ Other SITL Activities

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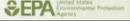
CERCLA Responses SITL

- ▶ EPA can conduct fund lead removal actions
 - Responsible party is bankrupt / insolvent
 - Unable / unwilling to perform clean up
- ▶ Require potentially responsible parties to perform removal actions
- ▶ Hazardous Substances
- ▶ Cost Recovery

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CERCLA Responses SITL



ICS INSTITUTE  24

Oil Pollution Act of 1990 SITL

- ▶ Conduct fund lead response
 - Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund
- ▶ Require responsible party to perform response action
- ▶ Cost Recovery

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OPA Responses SITL



17 WAYS TO CLEAN UP THE GULF OIL SPILL

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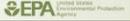
OPA Responses SITL

- ▶ Cosco Busan 2007
- ▶ Gulf Oil Spill (Deepwater Horizon) 2010
- ▶ Enbridge Oil Spill (R5) 2010
- ▶ Yellowstone River (R8) 2011
- ▶ Refugio State Beach CA 2015

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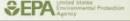
Stafford Act SITL

- ▶ Disaster Declaration
 - FEMA issues Mission Assignment based upon local / state request
 - ESF-10 EPA Lead
 - EPA Supports ESFs 3,4,5,8,11,13,15

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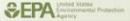
Stafford Act SITL

- ▶ EPA Supports
 - ESF#3 Public Works and Engineering
 - ESF#4 Firefighting
 - ESF#5 Emergency Management
 - ESF#8 Public Health and Medical Services
 - ESF#11 Agriculture and Natural Resources
 - ESF#13 Public Safety and Security
 - ESF#15 External Affairs

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Stafford Act Responses – Region 9 SITL

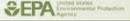
- ▶ Region 9
 - SoCal Wildfires 2007
 - American Samoa Tsunami 2009
 - TS Soudelor 2015
 - CA Wildfires 2015
- ▶ Elsewhere
 - Hurricanes (Katrina, Rita, Gustav, Sandy)

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Other Region 9 SITL "Activations" SITL

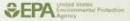
- ▶ Japan Earthquake and Tsunami 2011
 - Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Incident

- ▶ SoCalGas Aliso Canyon Natural Gas Release 2015-2016

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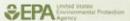
HSPD #5 SITL

- ▶ February 28, 2003 - the President issued HSPD-5, *Management of Domestic Incidents*
- ▶ Directs DHS to develop and administer a NIMS to provide a consistent nationwide approach for federal, State, and local governments to work effectively and efficiently together to prepare for, respond to, and recover from domestic incidents, regardless of cause, size, or complexity
- ▶ Requires DHS to develop a NRP (now NRF) that integrates the federal government domestic prevention, preparedness, response, and recovery plans into one all-discipline, all-hazards plan
- ▶ All federal agencies are required to adopt NIMS

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EPA National Approach to Response (NAR) SITL

June 27, 2003 - the EPA Administrator introduced a new agency-wide NAR designed to bring together and ensure efficient utilization of existing emergency response assets and to ensure that roles and responsibilities at all levels in headquarters and the regions are clear.

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National Incident Management System SITL

- ▶ March 1, 2004 – DHS issues NIMS
- ▶ Represents a core set of doctrine, concepts, principles, terminology, and organizational processes to enable effective, efficient and collaborative incident management at all levels

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National Response Framework (NRF) SITL

- ▶ Federal Response Plan
- ▶ National Response Plan
- ▶ Issued Dec. 04
- ▶ Notice of Change May 06
- ▶ NRF – Issued Jan. 08 – Guide to how the Nation conducts all hazards response. Built upon scalable, flexible, and adaptable coordinating structures to align key roles and responsibilities across the Nation, linking all levels of government, NGOs, and the private sector.

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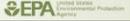
EPA National Implementation SITL

- ▶ NIMS Integration Team (NIT)
 - NIMS ICS Implementation Plan
 - IMT Guidance
 - Incident Management Handbook
 - Job Aids
 - Training/Qualification/Certification Order
 - REOC Guidance
- ▶ Response Support Corps
 - National Guidance
 - National Database

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NIMS ICS Implementation Plan SITL

- ▶ Signed 9/7/07
- ▶ Outlines steps being taken by EPA to fully incorporate NIMS ICS into its national response procedures, plans, and policies as required by HSPD #5.
- ▶ NIMS Coordinator – Roberta Runge
- ▶ NIT – Responsible for developing EPA's ICS policy, guidance documents and training program for NIMS implementation.

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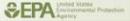
National IMT Guidance SITL

- ▶ Issued as EPA Order – 11/08
- ▶ 11 KLPs, minimum of 3 deep
- ▶ Mobilize within 12 to 24 hours
- ▶ Default planned deployment – 2 weeks

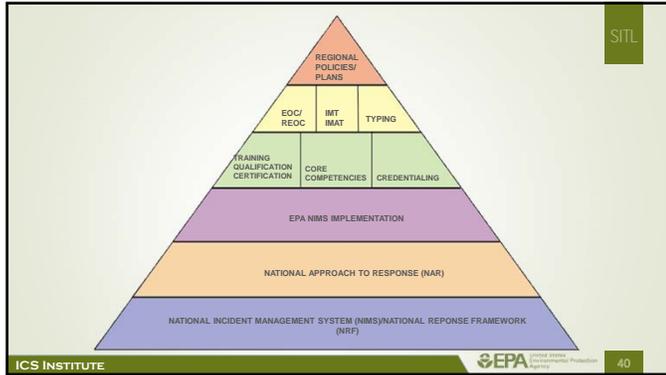
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Training, Qualification & Certification Order SITL

These standards are established by EPA to ensure that personnel who may be assigned positions within, or provide support to, an EPA-managed Incident Command System (ICS) structure are appropriately trained, qualified and certified to perform the duties of those positions.

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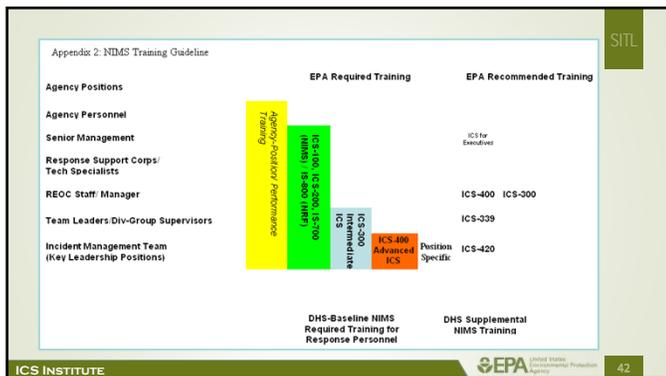
Unit 1 - Course Introduction and Objectives



RSC National Guidance

EPA Order 8/09

This Order sets forth member responsibilities, training and exercise requirements, activation and deployment procedures, compensation information, and associated programmatic and management responsibilities for the RSC.



SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Exercise 1

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SITL

Break into groups

- ▶ Four or five groups; minimum three persons per group
- ▶ Discuss ER experiences
- ▶ Discuss why you choose to train as a Situation Unit Leader
- ▶ List three things you hope to learn this week
- ▶ Choose a spokesperson
- ▶ Be prepared to report out in fifteen minutes

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SITL



Situation Unit Leader

Unit 2 – Overview of the Situation Unit

ICS INSTITUTE  1

SITL

Unit Terminal Objective

Describe the function of the Situation Unit and the roles and responsibilities of the Situation Unit Leader



ICS INSTITUTE  2

SITL

Unit Enabling Objectives

- ▶ Describe the main responsibilities of the Situation Unit Leader
- ▶ List the functions of the Situation Unit
- ▶ Identify members of the IMT that the Situation Unit Leader interacts with most frequently
- ▶ List the required reports and types of reports or plans the Situation Unit Leader may produce or assist with

ICS INSTITUTE  3

Situation Unit Leader

SITL

- ▶ Responsible for collection and organization of incident status and situation information
- ▶ Responsible for evaluation, analysis, and display of information

```
graph TD; IC[INCIDENT COMMANDER (IC)] --> PSC[PLANNING SECTION CHIEF (PSC)]; PSC --> SITL[SITUATION UNIT LEADER (SITL)]; SITL --> Staff[SITUATION UNIT STAFF];
```

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Situation Unit Functions

SITL

- ▶ The Situation Unit is responsible for identifying informational needs, gathering information, and turning information into intelligence, as well as preparing and displaying incident information
- ▶ Other functions include...
 - Providing mapping, predictive and risk assessment services

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Situation Unit Functions

SITL

- ▶ The Situation Unit is responsible for identifying informational needs, gathering information, and turning information into intelligence, as well as preparing and displaying incident information
- ▶ Other functions include...
 - Submitting reports and documentation

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Situation Unit Functions SITL

- ▶ The Situation Unit is responsible for identifying informational needs, gathering information, and turning information into intelligence, as well as preparing and displaying incident information
- ▶ Other functions include...
 - Assisting the Resources Unit with the assembly of the Incident Action Plan (IAP)



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Situation Unit Functions SITL

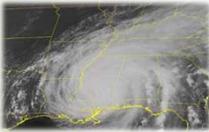
- ▶ To perform the functions of a Situation Unit, there must be an understanding of:
 - What has happened?
 - What progress has been made?
 - What are the perimeters?
 - What is the incident growth potential?
 - What are the threats?
 - What are the opportunities?



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Situation Unit Functions SITL

- ▶ Required Reports
 - Incident Status Summary
 - ✓ SITREP / ICS 209
 - Weather forecast




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Functions of the Sit Unit SITL

To perform the functions of a Situation Unit Leader, we have to understand the situation!



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Responsibilities of the SITL SITL

Stay prepared for mobilization

- ▶ Monitor threat level and events
- ▶ Stay prepared for dispatch
- ▶ Practice modeling & mapping skills
- ▶ Participate in exercises
- ▶ Keep up to date with developments
- ▶ Review after-action reports
- ▶ Start analyzing their needs and gather information upon dispatch

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Responsibilities of the SITL SITL

Obtain briefing from the Planning Section Chief

- ▶ Identify reporting requirements and schedules
- ▶ Discuss timelines and priorities
- ▶ Obtain copies of ICS Forms 201, 209 (or SITREP) and the IAP

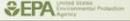


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Responsibilities of the SITL continued SITL

Organize, staff, and supervise unit

- ▶ Brief subordinate staff on current incident status
- ▶ Assign tasks
- ▶ Notify staff of timelines, priorities, and format requirements
- ▶ Monitor unit progress
- ▶ Assume responsibilities for positions that are not fully staffed within the Situation Unit

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Responsibilities of the SITL continued SITL

Compile, analyze, and maintain incident status information

- ▶ Gather information
- ▶ Review all information for completeness, accuracy, and relevancy
- ▶ Process information into intelligence
- ▶ Ensure intelligence is up to date

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Responsibilities of the SITL continued SITL

Prepare, post, disseminate resource & situation information

- ▶ Determine appropriate displays
- ▶ Develop additional displays as necessary
- ▶ Ensure displays are kept up to date
- ▶ Review for accuracy

Photographic services or maps that might be requested include...

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Responsibilities of the SITL CONTINUE SITL

Prepare the ICS Form 209, Incident Status Summary (or SITREP)

- ▶ Provides incident information to internal EPA and some external (e.g., FEMA) stakeholders
- ▶ Provides basic information to the Public Information Officer (PIO) for preparation of media release

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Responsibilities of the SITL CONTINUE SITL

Prepare periodic predictions

- ▶ Analyze existing information and provide predictions of future status for use in planning
- ▶ Assemble information on alternative strategies
- ▶ Document alternatives

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Responsibilities of the SITL CONTINUE SITL

Maintain ICS Form 214 - Activity Log

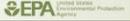
- ▶ Record details of unit activity
- ▶ Use as a reference for after-action reports
- ▶ Submit completed Activity Logs to Planning Section Chief, who will provide a copy to the Documentation Unit
- ▶ Hint – can use these as received from other KLPs in developing the Sitrep



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SITL

Situation Unit Interaction with IMT

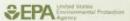
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SITL

Incident Commander

- ▶ Maintain maps in Incident Commander work area
- ▶ ICS Form 209 (or SITREP) review time and signature



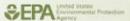
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SITL

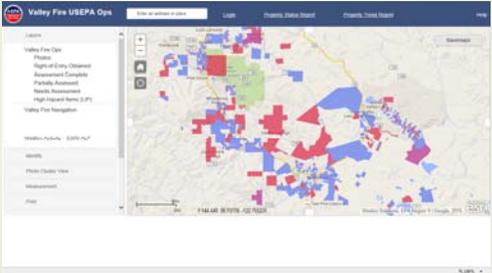
Operations Section Chief

Provide:

- ▶ Incident status
- ▶ Operational incident maps
- ▶ Projections, risks, threats & hazards
- ▶ Sensitive areas, risks & losses

ICS INSTITUTE  21

Incident Specific viewers (response.epa.gov) SITL



ICS Institute www.pittetel.org/valleyfire/ EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 22

Air Operations Branch Director SITL

Coordinate:

- ▶ Location air facilities for placement on IAP map
- ▶ Air hazard maps
- ▶ Flight scheduling for recon or data gathering



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Public Information Officer SITL

- ▶ Provide intelligence and maps for press releases
- ▶ Provide SITREP (or ICS form 209)
- ▶ Clarify responsibilities for information board maintenance



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Safety Officer SITL

- ▶ Provide information on Incident Status
- ▶ Provide updates on threats and risks
- ▶ Obtain injury info for ICS Form 209 (or SITREP)



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Ground Support Unit SITL

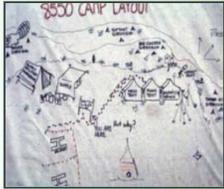
- ▶ Obtain information about drop points, road capabilities, and travel routes
- ▶ Update information on Transportation Map (e.g., drop points, traffic plan)



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Facilities Unit SITL

- ▶ Obtain information on location of incident facilities
- ▶ Assist with preparation of Facilities Map



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Resources Unit SITL

- ▶ Obtain resource info for ICS Form 209 (or SITREP)
- ▶ May assist in locating and verifying assigned resource



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Resource Advisors & Agency Representatives SITL

- ▶ Obtain information
 - Sensitive resources and issues
 - Values at risk
 - Potential map sources
 - Local personnel
- ▶ Maintain open communication



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Cost Unit SITL

- ▶ Obtain cost information for SITREP (or ICS Form 209)



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Compensation & Claims Unit

SITL

- ▶ Obtain and provide information on damages and losses
- ▶ Assist with documentation and imaging of possible claims and losses



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Environmental Unit

SITL

PLANNING SECTION

- Situation Unit
- Resource Unit
- Demobilization Unit
- Documentation Unit
- Environmental Unit

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Environmental Unit

SITL

Environmental Unit

- Modeling
- Ecology & Health Effects
- Analytical Team
- QA Coordinator
- Data Interpretation Team
- Response & Cleanup Technologies

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Environmental Unit SITL

Facilitates interagency environmental data management, monitoring, sampling, analysis and assessment.



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Environmental Unit SITL

► Responsible for

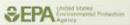
- ID and characterization of hazardous substances
- Assessment of extent of a release
- Evaluation of human and ecological risks
- Scientific support for specific response technologies
- Recommending clean-up levels

ICS INSTITUTE  35

Environmental Unit SITL

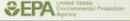
► Responsible for

- Modeling and data interpretation
- Method development
- Confirmation that clean-up goals have been achieved
- Profiling of hazardous wastes for disposal purposes

ICS INSTITUTE  36

Situation Unit and Environmental Unit SITL

- ▶ Environmental data will come into Environmental Unit which will manage and interpret
- ▶ Situation Unit should work closely to maintain situational awareness with respect to environmental data

ICS INSTITUTE  37

Resource Advisors & Agency Reps SITL

- ▶ Obtain information on
 - Sensitive resources & issues
 - Values
- ▶ Map sources
- ▶ Meet daily
- ▶ Keep informed

ICS INSTITUTE  38

Situation Unit Interactions Beyond the ICP SITL

ICS INSTITUTE  39

Regional Emergency Operations Center Support SITL

- ▶ The REOC can assist the IMT field component by
 - Providing information an intel to the IMT/ICP and
 - “Feeding the Beast” – responding to information requests from EPA upper management and political stakeholders
- ▶ May need to provide info to EPA HQ EOC also

ICS INSTITUTE  40

ESF-10 Desk at FEMA Joint Field Operations Center (JFO) SITL

- ▶ SITREP
- ▶ Operational Metrics

ICS INSTITUTE  41

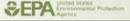
Success as a Situation Unit Leader SITL

- ▶ Provide intelligence, not just history
- ▶ Answer the questions for customers before they ask
- ▶ Support operations with what they need to know
- ▶ You would love to receive your maps in the field

ICS INSTITUTE  42

Hit the Scene Running SITL

- ▶ Be prepared to do it all at a dead run for the first 48 hrs.
- ▶ They expect a perfect map in minutes
- ▶ Must have "can do" attitude
- ▶ Ingenuity
- ▶ Must be able to handle stress

ICS INSTITUTE  43

Unit Summary SITL

Are you now able to:

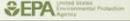
- ▶ Describe the main responsibilities of the Situation Unit Leader
- ▶ List the functions of the Situation Unit
- ▶ Identify members of the IMT that the Situation Unit Leader interacts with most frequently
- ▶ List the required reports and types of reports or plans the Situation Unit Leader may produce or assist with

ICS INSTITUTE  44

SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section

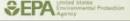
ICS INSTITUTE  1

SITL

Unit Terminal Objective

Describe the organization and functions of the Planning Section



ICS INSTITUTE  2

SITL

Unit Enabling Objectives

- ▶ Define the purpose of the Planning Section
- ▶ Describe the Planning Section positions and their functions
- ▶ Describe the planning process and the Planning 'P'
- ▶ Describe the Situation Unit Leader's inputs in the planning process

ICS INSTITUTE  3

Major Incident Management Activities

SITL

1. Command
2. Operations
3. Planning
4. Logistics
5. Finance/Administration

ICS INSTITUTE  4

The ICS Organization

SITL

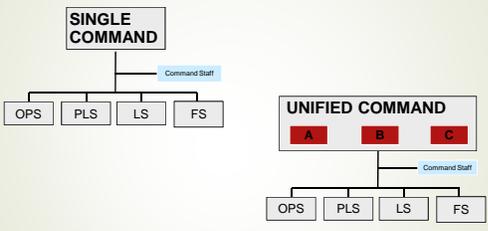


```
graph TD; IC[Incident Commander] --- PIO[PIO]; IC --- SO[Safety Officer]; IC --- LO[Liaison Officer]; IC --- OPS[Operations]; IC --- PLAN[Planning]; IC --- LOG[Logistics]; IC --- FIN[Finance / Admin];
```

ICS INSTITUTE  5

INCIDENT COMMAND SYSTEM

SITL



```
graph TD; subgraph SINGLE_COMMAND [SINGLE COMMAND]; IC1[Incident Commander]; CS1[Command Staff]; OPS1[OPS]; PLS1[PLS]; LS1[LS]; FS1[FS]; end; subgraph UNIFIED_COMMAND [UNIFIED COMMAND]; IC2A[Incident Commander A]; CS2A[Command Staff]; OPS2A[OPS]; PLS2A[PLS]; LS2A[LS]; FS2A[FS]; IC2B[Incident Commander B]; CS2B[Command Staff]; OPS2B[OPS]; PLS2B[PLS]; LS2B[LS]; FS2B[FS]; IC2C[Incident Commander C]; CS2C[Command Staff]; OPS2C[OPS]; PLS2C[PLS]; LS2C[LS]; FS2C[FS]; end;
```

ICS INSTITUTE  6

Incident Commander (IC) SITL

- ▶ Responsible is the overall management of the incident.
 - Selected by qualifications and experience.
- ▶ Directly manage all aspects of a small incident.
- ▶ Assigns staff to various ICS positions for large incidents

ICS INSTITUTE  7

Deputy Incident Commander SITL

- ▶ An IC may have one or more Deputies.
- ▶ Deputies must have the same qualifications as the person for whom they work as they must be ready to take over that position at any time.
 - Deputies may also be used at section and branch levels of the ICS organization.

ICS INSTITUTE  8

Planning Section Responsibilities SITL

- ▶ Supports the Incident Commander
- ▶ Incident Objectives
 - How does IC know his objectives are accurate?
- ▶ Overall incident management planning and intelligence
 - What kinds of intelligence does the IC need?



ICS INSTITUTE  9

Planning Section Responsibilities (cont.) SITL

- ▶ Supports Operations
 - Incident Action Plan (IAP)
 - Incident Projections
 - Contingency Planning
- ▶ Supports the Incident Management Team (IMT)
 - Keeps the team on schedule
 - ✓ Facilitates Planning meetings and Briefings
 - Provides maps & displays for meetings
 - Tracks resources



ICS INSTITUTE  10

Planning Section Responsibilities (cont.) SITL

- ▶ Collects, evaluates & disseminates information on:
 - Incident Status
 - ✓ SITREP / 209
 - Predicted probable course of events
 - Alternative strategies and control operations
 - Resource status

ICS INSTITUTE  11

Planning Section SITL



```
graph TD;
  PS[PLANNING SECTION] --- SU[Situation Unit];
  PS --- RU[Resource Unit];
  PS --- DU[Demobilization Unit];
  PS --- DCU[Documentation Unit];
  PS --- EU[Environmental Unit];
```

ICS INSTITUTE  12

Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section

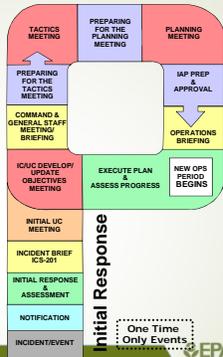
ICS Planning Process

Steps include:

1. Understanding the situation
2. Establish incident objectives and strategy
3. Develop tactical direction and assignments
4. Prepare the Incident Action Plan
5. Implement the IAP
6. Evaluate the IAP

ICS INSTITUTE  13

The Planning Process

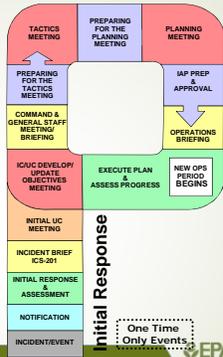


ICS INSTITUTE  14

The Planning Process

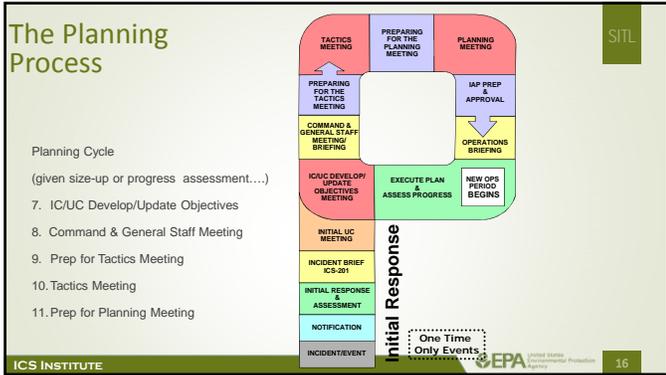
Initial Response/One time only events

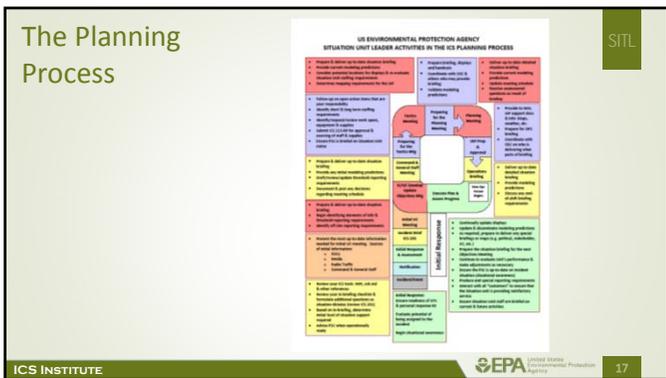
1. Incident/Event occurs
2. Notifications are made/received
3. Travel to Response or Initial Response and Assessment
4. Agency Executive Briefing, Delegation (if needed)
5. Initial Incident Briefing (ICS 201)
6. Initial I/C Meeting

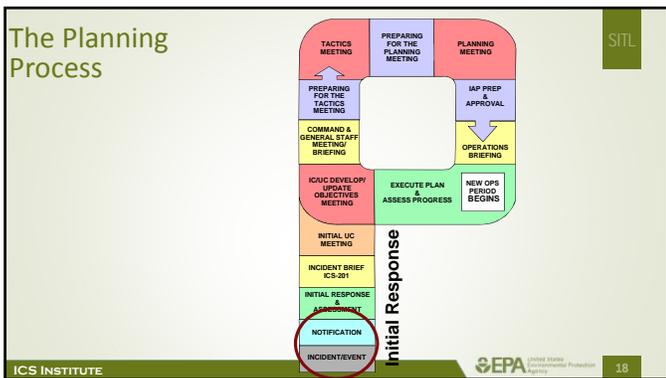


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Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section







Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section

Initial Response and Assessment

SITL

Ensure readiness of SITL & personal response kit

Evaluate potential of being assigned to the incident

Begin situational awareness

Initial Response

INCIDENT/EVENT → NOTIFICATION → INITIAL RESPONSE & ASSESSMENT → INITIAL UC MEETING → INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201 → ICJG DEVELOP/UPDATE OBJECTIVES MEETING → COMMAND & GENERAL STAFF MEETING/ BRIEFING → PREPARING FOR THE TACTICS MEETING → TACTICS MEETING

INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201 → EXECUTE PLAN & ASSESS PROGRESS → NEW OPS PERIOD BEGINS → OPERATIONS BRIEFING → IAP PREP & APPROVAL → PLANNING MEETING → PREPARING FOR THE PLANNING MEETING

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Incident Brief ICS-201

SITL

- Review your ICS tools: IMH, Job Aid & other references
- Review your in-briefing checklist & formulate additional questions as situation dictates (review ICS-201)
- Based on in-briefing, determine initial level of situation support required
- Advise PSC when operationally ready

Initial Response

INCIDENT/EVENT → NOTIFICATION → INITIAL RESPONSE & ASSESSMENT → INITIAL UC MEETING → INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201 → ICJG DEVELOP/UPDATE OBJECTIVES MEETING → COMMAND & GENERAL STAFF MEETING/ BRIEFING → PREPARING FOR THE TACTICS MEETING → TACTICS MEETING

INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201 → EXECUTE PLAN & ASSESS PROGRESS → NEW OPS PERIOD BEGINS → OPERATIONS BRIEFING → IAP PREP & APPROVAL → PLANNING MEETING → PREPARING FOR THE PLANNING MEETING

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Initial UC Meeting

SITL

Present the most up-to-date information needed for initial UC meeting. Sources of initial information:

- EOCs
- Media
- Radio Traffic
- Command & General Staff

Initial Response

INCIDENT/EVENT → NOTIFICATION → INITIAL RESPONSE & ASSESSMENT → INITIAL UC MEETING → INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201 → ICJG DEVELOP/UPDATE OBJECTIVES MEETING → COMMAND & GENERAL STAFF MEETING/ BRIEFING → PREPARING FOR THE TACTICS MEETING → TACTICS MEETING

INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201 → EXECUTE PLAN & ASSESS PROGRESS → NEW OPS PERIOD BEGINS → OPERATIONS BRIEFING → IAP PREP & APPROVAL → PLANNING MEETING → PREPARING FOR THE PLANNING MEETING

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Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section

IC/UC Objectives Meeting

Prepare & deliver up-to-date situation briefing
Begin identifying elements of info & threshold reporting requirements
Identify off-site reporting requirements

The flowchart shows the following steps from bottom to top: INCIDENT/EVENT, NOTIFICATION, INITIAL RESPONSE & ASSESSMENT, INCIDENT BRIEF ICS-201, INITIAL ICS MEETING, IC/UC DEVELOP/UPDATE OBJECTIVES MEETING (circled in red), COMMAND & GENERAL STAFF MEETING/ BRIEFING, PREPARING FOR THE TACTICS MEETING, TACTICS MEETING, EXECUTE PLAN & ASSESS PROGRESS, NEW OPS PERIOD BEGINS, OPERATIONS BRIEFING, IAP PREP & APPROVAL, PLANNING MEETING, and PREPARING FOR THE PLANNING MEETING. A vertical bar on the left is labeled 'Initial Response'.

ICS INSTITUTE SITL 22

Command & General Staff Meeting

- Prepare & deliver up-to-date situation briefing
- Provide any initial modeling predictions
- Draft/review/update threshold reporting requirements
- Document & post any decisions regarding meeting schedule

The flowchart is identical to slide 22, but with 'COMMAND & GENERAL STAFF MEETING/ BRIEFING' circled in red.

ICS INSTITUTE SITL 23

Preparing for the Tactics Meeting

- Follow-up on open action items that are your responsibility
- Identify short & long term staffing requirements
- Identify/request/review work space, equipment & supplies
- Submit ICS 213-RR for approval & sourcing of staff & supplies
- Ensure PSC is briefed on Situation Unit status

The flowchart is identical to slide 22, but with 'PREPARING FOR THE TACTICS MEETING' circled in red.

ICS INSTITUTE SITL 24

Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section

Tactics Meeting

- Prepare & deliver up-to-date situation briefing
- Provide current modeling predictions
- Consider potential locations for displays & re-evaluate Situation Unit staffing requirements
- Determine mapping requirements for the IAP

ICS INSTITUTE SITL 25

Preparing for the Planning Meeting

- Prepare briefing, displays and handouts
- Coordinate with OSC & others who may provide briefing
- Validate modeling predictions

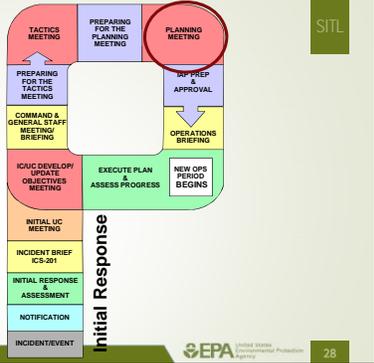
ICS INSTITUTE SITL 26

The Planning Meeting

ICS INSTITUTE SITL 27

Planning Meeting

- Deliver up-to-date detailed situation briefing
- Provide current modeling predictions
- Update meeting schedule
- Resolve unanswered questions as result of briefing



Planning Meeting Displays



Planning Meeting Maps & Displays

- ▶ Incident Briefing Map
 - Mapping may be on:
 - ✓ Topo maps
 - ✓ Planimetric maps
 - ✓ Nautical Charts
 - ✓ Blueprints
- ▶ Sit Unit **must** produce a plot of the incident perimeter, operational boundaries & facilities.



Planning Meeting Maps & Displays SITL

- ▶ Maps & displays often speed and / or improve comprehension of intelligence reports.
 - Incident progression & damage
 - Plume models
 - Evacuation
 - Weather
 - Imaging
- ▶ Some of these may be developed by the Environmental Unit



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Planning Meeting Requirements SITL

- ▶ Reports
 - Incident activity, location & progression
 - Spot weather (Wx) forecast
 - Incident projection & risks
 - Threats to the environment & endangered species
 - Losses
 - Potential drop points, helispots, staging areas, shelters, mobile lab locations, decon

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Planning Meeting Checklist SITL

No.	ACTIVITY	Primary Responsibility
1	STATE INCIDENT OBJECTIVES - POLICY ISSUES	INCIDENT COMMANDER
2	GIVE SITUATION & RESOURCE BRIEFING	PLANNING SECT. CHIEF
3	STATE PRIMARY & ALTERNATE. STRATEGIES	OPS SECTION CHIEF
4	DESIGNATE BRANCH, DIVISION, GROUP BOUNDARIES & FUNCTIONS AS APPROPRIATE	OPS SECTION CHIEF
5	DESCRIBE TACTICAL OPERATIONS & TACTICS	OPS & PLANS SECTION CHIEFS
6	MAKE TACTICAL RESOURCE ASSIGNMENTS	OPS, PLANNING, & LOG. SECTION CHIEFS
7	FACILITIES AND REPORTING LOCATIONS	LOGISTICS SECT. CHIEF
8	RESOURCES, SUPPORT, AND OVERHEAD	PLANS & LOGISTICS SECTIONS CHIEFS
9	SUPPORT PLANS - COM, MED., TRAFFIC	PLANS SECT CHIEF / IC
10	FINALIZE, APPROVE & IMPLEMENT THE PLAN	IC AND GEN. STAFF

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Planning Meeting Requirements

SITL

- ▶ Reports (verbal)
 - Incident status
 - Weather forecast
 - Incident Projection & Risks
 - Threats to human health, the environment & Endangered Species
 - Information on resource status

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IAP Preparation and Approval

SITL

- Provide to RESL IAP support docs & info: Maps, weather, etc.
- Prepare for OPS briefing
- Coordinate with OSC on who is delivering what parts of briefing

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Incident Action Plan

SITL

Action Plan inputs are based on the tactical plan determined at the planning meeting.

Coordinate with Plans Chief and Operation Section Chief at planning meeting.

Not all Situation Unit products go into the IAP

- Incident Action Plan contains information required for shift resources to accomplish their assignment.

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Operations Briefing

SITL

ICS INSTITUTE 37

Daily Operations Briefing

SITL

- Deliver up-to-date detailed situation briefing
- Provide modeling predictions
- Discuss any end-of-shift briefing requirements

ICS INSTITUTE 38

Operations Briefing Agenda

SITL

▶ Intro/Ground Rules/Time Frame/Ops Period/207s	PSC
▶ Current Situation Update	OPS
▶ Incident Objectives	IC/PSC
▶ Weather Forecast	SITL
▶ Ops Assignments (204)	OPS
▶ Safety Briefing	SO
▶ Communication Plan Info	LSC

ICS INSTITUTE 39

Operations Briefing Agenda Con't

SITL

▶ Logistical Concerns	LSC
▶ Financial Concerns	FSC
▶ Information Plan & Updates	PIO
▶ Cooperating Agencies	LNO
▶ Next Ops Briefing @ _____	PSC
▶ Next Planning Meeting @ _____	PSC
▶ Closing Comments	IC

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Situation Unit Leader & the Ops Briefing

SITL

- ▶ Briefing Map
- ▶ Incident status update
- ▶ Shift weather briefing
- ▶ Shift projection briefing



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Operations Briefing Map

SITL

- ▶ Map for shift change briefing
- ▶ Often a large not-to-scale sketch
- ▶ Visibility most important
- ▶ Shows talking points
- ▶ This map must be on time, can always make a sketch map
- ▶ Large incidents may require multi-tile GIS map

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Unit 3 – Incident Command System and the Planning Section

Execute Plan & Assess Progress

- Continually update displays
- Update & disseminate modeling predictions
- As required, prepare to deliver any special briefings or maps (e.g. political, stakeholder, JIC, etc.)
- Prepare the situation briefing for the next Objectives Meeting
- Continue to evaluate Unit's performance & make adjustments as necessary
- Ensure the PSC is up-to-date on incident situation (situational awareness)
- Produce and special reporting requirements
- Interact with all "customers" to ensure that the Situation unit is providing satisfactory service
- Ensure Situation Unit staff are briefed on current & future activities

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EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

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Unit Summary

Are you now able to:

- Define the purpose of the Planning Section
- Describe the Planning Section positions and their functions
- Describe the planning process and the Planning 'P'
- Describe the Situation Unit Leader's inputs in the planning process

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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 4 – The Incident Action Plan

ICS INSTITUTE  1

SITL

Unit Terminal Objective

Describe the Situation Unit Leader's role in development of an Incident Action Plan



ICS INSTITUTE  2

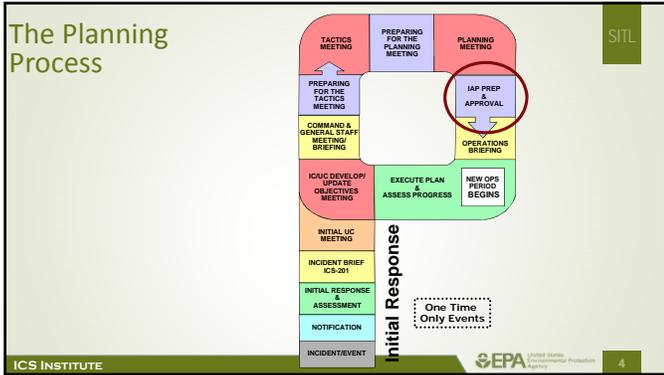
SITL

Unit Enabling Objectives

- ▶ List the 5 elements of a written IAP
- ▶ Review the SITL role in IAP preparation

ICS INSTITUTE  3

Unit 4 – The Incident Action Plan



Major Elements In A Written Action Plan

- ▶ Objectives
- ▶ Organization
- ▶ Assignments
- ▶ Support plans
- ▶ Any other relevant info

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Situation Unit Leader & the Incident Action Plan

- ▶ Situation Unit Leader Incident Action Plan inputs are based on Tactical Plan determined at the planning meeting
- ▶ Coordinate with Plans Chief and Operations Section Chief at Planning Meeting
- ▶ Not all Situation Unit products go into the Incident Action Plan
 - Incident Action Plan contains information required for shift resources to accomplish their assignment

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Incident Action Plan Maps SITL

- ▶ Required IAP maps
 - 8½ x 11 or 11 x 17 Tactical Map
 - Traffic Plan
 - Facilities
- ▶ Optional Maps
 - Contingency
 - Forecast
 - Sampling / monitoring
 - Tidal / Current Charts
 - Other



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Incident Action Plan Reports SITL

- ▶ Weather forecast (required)
- ▶ Projection forecast
- ▶ Plume models
- ▶ Other



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Provide Example IAPs

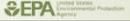
ICS INSTITUTE EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 9

Incident Action Plans SITL

Given the Katrina IAP, qualitatively compare with Kalamazoo River IAP

- What was the same?
- What was different?
- Any differences that might change the way you have to do your job as SITL?

Choose a different spokesperson / be prepared to report in 10 min.

ICS INSTITUTE  10

Unit Summary SITL

Are you now able to:

- ▶ List the 5 elements of a written IAP
- ▶ Review the SITL role in IAP preparation

ICS INSTITUTE  11

SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 5 – Staffing the Situation Unit

ICS INSTITUTE  1

SITL

Unit Terminal Objective

Explain how to effectively establish and manage the Situation Unit



ICS INSTITUTE  2

SITL

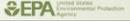
Objectives

- ▶ List items to include in the Situation Unit Leader's kit
- ▶ Describe the considerations for staffing and organizing the Unit.
- ▶ Identify positions the Situation Unit Leader can utilize to produce incident intelligence and displays
- ▶ Describe methods for organizing the Unit for efficient management
- ▶ List criteria for assigning work and setting timeframes, schedules, and priorities
- ▶ Discuss considerations affecting personnel welfare and safety

ICS INSTITUTE  3

Stay Prepared SITL

- ▶ Monitor threat level and events
- ▶ Monitor developing incidents
- ▶ Practice modeling and mapping skills
- ▶ Encourage and participate in exercises
- ▶ Conduct in-house ICS review and training
- ▶ Keep up to date with developments
- ▶ Review After-Action Reports
- ▶ Review Response Plan

ICS INSTITUTE  4

Stay Prepared SITL

- ▶ Monitor threat level and events
- ▶ Monitor developing incidents
- ▶ Practice modeling and mapping skills
- ▶ Encourage and participate in exercises
- ▶ Conduct in-house ICS review and training
- ▶ Keep up to date with developments
- ▶ Review After-Action Reports
- ▶ Review Response Plan

ICS INSTITUTE  5

Initial Mobilization SITL

ICS INSTITUTE  6

Fundamental Question - SITL

What is assigned location?

- ▶ Incident Command Post
- ▶ Regional EOC
- ▶ Other
 - FEMA Joint Field Office (JFO)



ICS INSTITUTE  7

Gather Information SITL

At time of dispatch, begin to gather information from:

- ▶ Emergency Operations Center (EOC)
- ▶ Media
- ▶ Local contacts
- ▶ Home region of incident



ICS INSTITUTE  8

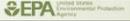
Arrival SITL

- ▶ Check-in
- ▶ Meet with Planning Section Chief
- ▶ Survey current situation status
- ▶ Survey anticipated intelligence and display needs

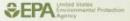


ICS INSTITUTE  9

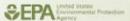
Situation Unit Leader Kit		SITL
<i>Pens & pencils</i> ✓ Wet erase pens ✓ Permanent markers ✓ Felt-tip markers	Scissors and X-acto knife	
Glue & tape	Laptop computer	
Straight edge	Portable printer	
Laminate	Digital camera	
Dot grids	GPS	
White-out	Weather kit	
Templates	Prefab legends	

ICS INSTITUTE  10

Materials to Obtain Upon Arrival		SITL
<i>Maps of the incident</i> ✓ Topographic ✓ Planimetric	Laminate	
Easel pad paper	Phone/Data Line	
Work space	Copy machine	
Display devices		

ICS INSTITUTE  11

Initial Planning Section Chief Briefing		SITL
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Incident size and scope ▶ Assigned resources ▶ Incident potential ▶ Logistical considerations ▶ Timelines and priorities ▶ Staffing of Situation Unit ▶ Incident facilities ▶ Expectations ▶ Obtain copies of ICS Form 201s, IAPs, and ICS Form 209s/SITREPS 		

ICS INSTITUTE  12

SITL

Unit Setup

ICS INSTITUTE  13

SITL

Unit Setup

A large, open room or large tent is best



ICS INSTITUTE  14

SITL

Unit Setup continued...

Trailers are narrow, but may be sufficient for small incidents



ICS INSTITUTE  15

Situation Setup SITL

- ▶ 8' x 8' mapping table with storage shelf allows for four simultaneous projects
- ▶ Plywood map wall in rear with envelope files
- ▶ Tables along side wall for office and computer space



ICS INSTITUTE  16

Situation Setup SITL

- ▶ Supplies and map tubes along opposite side wall
- ▶ Table in front for map handouts, debriefing area, and to deflect casual access
- ▶ Dry erase / easel pad
- ▶ Phone line and Internet connection



ICS INSTITUTE  17

GIS Setup SITL



ICS INSTITUTE  18

Briefing Stage



SITL

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Unit Staffing

SITL

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Staffing Considerations

- ▶ Workload
- ▶ Ordering lag/travel time
- ▶ Staffing hours
- ▶ Size and complexity
- ▶ IMT needs and products
- ▶ Public impact
- ▶ Imaging needs
- ▶ Projection needs – Technical Specialists?
- ▶ Threats/risks
- ▶ Available on-scene personnel



SITL

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Unit 5 – Staffing the Situation Unit

Keep Assets Within Span of Control Guidelines

SITL

- ▶ Span of control guidelines
 - Number of persons supervised
 - ▶ Range of 3 – 7 recommended
 - Number of GIS operations
 - ▶ Range of 1 - 2 recommended



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Sample Organization Chart #1

SITL

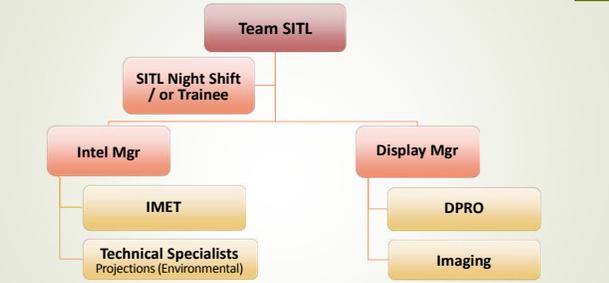


```
graph TD; TeamSITL[Team SITL] --- SITLNight[SITL Night Shift / Trainee]; SITLNight --- FOBs[FOBs]; SITLNight --- DPRO[DPRO]; SITLNight --- TechSpec[Technical Specialists Projections (Environmental)]; SITLNight --- IMET[IMET]; SITLNight --- IRIN[IRIN and Photography]; SITLNight --- GISS[GISS];
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Sample Organization Chart #2

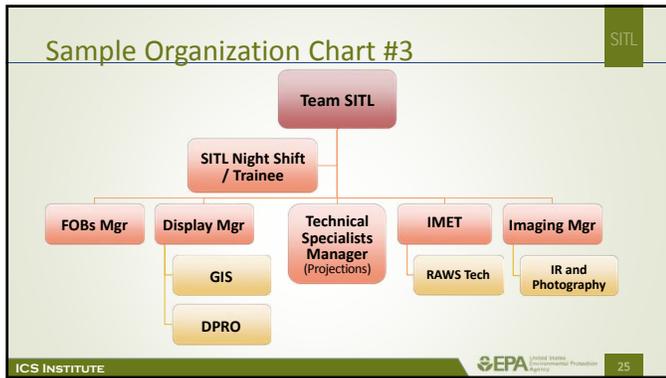
SITL

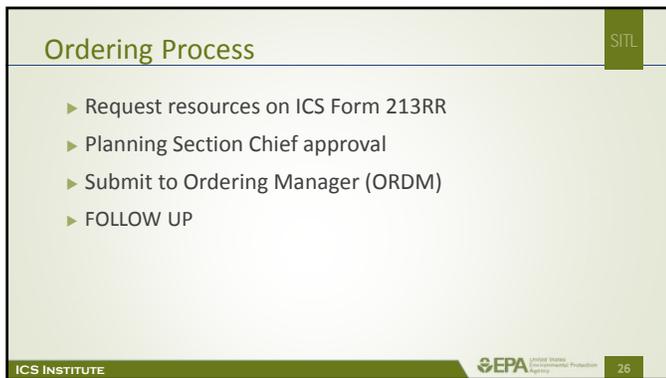


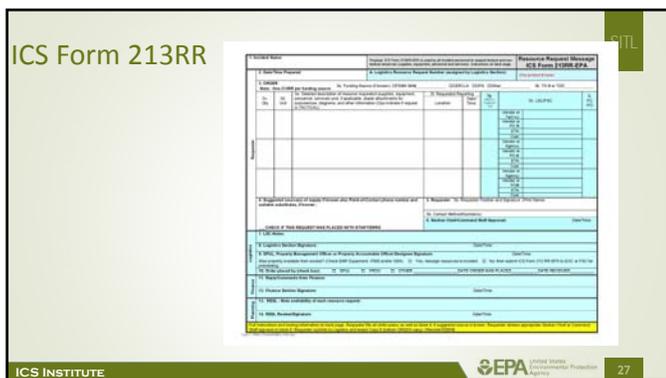
```
graph TD; TeamSITL[Team SITL] --- SITLNight[SITL Night Shift / or Trainee]; SITLNight --- IntelMgr[Intel Mgr]; SITLNight --- DisplayMgr[Display Mgr]; IntelMgr --- IMET[IMET]; IntelMgr --- TechSpec[Technical Specialists Projections (Environmental)]; DisplayMgr --- DPRO[DPRO]; DisplayMgr --- Imaging[Imaging];
```

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Unit 5 – Staffing the Situation Unit

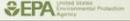




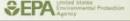


Situation Unit Personnel SITL

- ▶ Assistant SITL
 - Divide duties, e.g. assign SITREP prep
- ▶ Field Observers (FOBS)
- ▶ Display Processors (DPRO)
- ▶ Technical Specialists (Tech Specs)
- ▶ GIS Team
 - Manager
 - Staff (GISS)

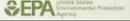
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GIS Support SITL

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GIS Support SITL

- ▶ Historically at large incidents EPA GIS support has been significant with reliance upon paper products
- ▶ Presently less the case with advent & use of internet mapping capabilities
 - Google Earth
 - Geoviewers / Flexviewers

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Unit 5 – Staffing the Situation Unit

GIS in the ICS

Example Organizational Structure from the Region 6 hurricane response of 2005



Figure 3: GIS Unit Position within New Orleans Unified Command Organizational Structure

The GIS Team – Goals of the GIS Team

- ▶ The Primary goal of GIS team is to meet all the demands for work products in a cost and time efficient manner
 - Production priorities are negotiated for the entire incident
 - Accurate estimates are provided for product completion
 - Resources are in place to perform assigned responsibilities

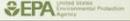
The GIS Team Responsibilities

- ▶ Coordinate with personnel in the Situation Unit and Environmental Unit (EU)
 - Implement map request and tracking process/system
 - Compile and prioritize requests
 - Provide status reports to appropriate requesters
- ▶ Complete requests - ensure accurate and rapid dissemination of maps for various components of the incident

The GIS Team Responsibilities SITL

- ▶ Manage maps and data
 - Catalog maps and data
 - Archive maps and data
 - Publish maps and data to various websites and FTP sites
 - Manage shared drives and hard drive organization

- ▶ Maintain individual logs and shift notes as required

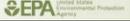
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The GIS Team – Potential Members SITL

- ▶ GIS Manager/Coordinator
- ▶ GIS Specialists
- ▶ Image Interpreters
- ▶ Video Processors
- ▶ Database Administrators
- ▶ Data Quality Assurance / Quality Control Personnel
- ▶ Documentation (Metadata) Personnel

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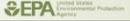
Field Observers SITL

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FOBS SITL

▶ Field Observers

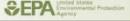
The Field Observer (FOBS), a member of the Situation Unit, is responsible for collecting situation information from personal observations at the incident and providing this information to the Situation Unit Leader (SITL) by an established procedure..

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FOBS SITL

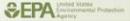
▶ The FOBS report to the SITL

- All FOB field activities must be coordinated with the Operations Section Chief or field supervisors.
- Situation Unit Leader can deploy them when and where intel is needed in a timely manner.
- Human Intel
- Verification

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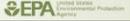
Field Observers SITL

- ▶ How many do we need?
- ▶ Do we need them day and night?
- ▶ Do they need to be certified for self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)?
- ▶ Will they need monitoring equipment?

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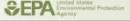
FOBS SITL

- ▶ Key responsibilities of the FOBS:
 - Verify response asset locations, road conditions, and access routes
 - Report information to the SITL by established procedure

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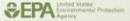
FOBS SITL

- ▶ Key responsibilities of the FOBS (cont.):
 - Take photos, ground truth maps, and coordinate positions. Observations include, but are not limited to:
 - ✓ Perimeters of the incident
 - ✓ Locations of operations/trouble spots
 - ✓ Rates of spread
 - ✓ Weather conditions
 - ✓ Hazards
 - ✓ Progress of operation resources
 - ✓ Facility locations (e.g., staging areas)
 - ✓ Division/Group boundaries
 - ✓ Photo documentation (Identify and date ALL photos)

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FOBS SITL

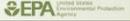
- ▶ How many?
 - FOB= 1 per DIV/GRP
- ▶ Ordering
- ▶ Assignments (match to FOBS)
- ▶ Briefings
 - Information needed
 - Time frames
 - Communication
 - Transportation
 - Interface with Operation
- ▶ Safety

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FOBS SITL

► **FOBs Daily Duties**

- Immediately report any condition observed that may cause danger and a safety hazard to personnel.
- Communicate OFTEN with SITL. Get current information to the Situation Unit as frequently as necessary and at the end of each shift. Set up a call-in schedule with SITL.

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FOBS SITL

► **FOBs Daily Duties (cont.)**

- ✓ Over flights. Prior to an over flight operation, receive an aircraft safety briefing from the proper person in the Air Support Branch in the Operations Section. Be sure to have a good base map, clip board, and writing instruments for in-flight documentation.
- ✓ Maintain Individual Log and provide to SITL and Documentation Unit at the end of each operational period

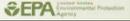
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FOBS SITL

► **FOBs Daily Duties (cont.)**

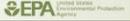
- The FOBS may be asked to attend the Operations Briefing and assist with discussions and presentations as appropriate



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FOBS Products SITL

- ▶ **Individual Log** – Summarize daily activities. Report observations fully and make any additional attachments for more complex reports. Provide to the SITL and Documentation Unit at the end of the operational period.
- ▶ **Base Maps** – While on an over flight or field survey, hand-draw observations on a blank base map. Submit to GIS Specialist for the creation of an electronic map. Provide input and make clarifications to GIS Specialist as they produce the electronic map.
- ▶ **Photos** – Document observations with photos. Identify and date all photos.

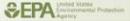
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FOBS Materials SITL

- ▶ Log book
- ▶ Digital camera or video camera
- ▶ Basic PPE level D or upgraded PPE as required by the Health and Safety Plan
- ▶ Radio
- ▶ Cell phone
- ▶ Sat Phone

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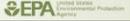
Display Processor SITL

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DPRO SITL

- ▶ The Display Processor (DPRO), a member of the Situation Unit and is responsible for the display of incident status information, including the creation, maintenance, and update of the Incident Situation Display.

- ▶ The DPRO reports to the Situation Unit Leader

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DPRO SITL

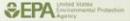
- ▶ The DPRO ICS training up to the 200 level and experience with software such as:
 - Presentation (PowerPoint)
 - Photo editing
 - Spreadsheets (Excel)
 - Graphics software
 - Web Publishing and editing

- ▶ The DPRO may be asked to attend the Operations Briefing and assist with discussions and presentations as appropriate.

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DPRO SITL

- ▶ Primary Responsibilities
 - Create, maintain, and update the Incident Situation Display (e.g., electronic and wall displays)
 - Obtain and display incident status information from:
 - ✓ Field Observers (FOBS)
 - ✓ Personnel in the Situation, Resources, and Environmental Units
 - ✓ Personnel from other sections
 - ✓ Resource status reports, forms, and maps
 - ✓ Aerial and ortho photographs, as well as infrared data

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DPRO SITL

- ▶ Primary Responsibilities (cont.)
 - Work with other units in the Incident Management Team (IMT) to ensure they have up-to-date information, maps, and displays (especially safety, information officer, liaison, and operations)
 - Provide appropriate information and required maps for the Incident Action Plan (IAP)
 - Assist the SITL in analyzing and evaluating field reports

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DPRO Processing SITL

APPENDIX I: Incident Information

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Technical Specialists SITL

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What Intel Will We Need? SITL



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Common Uses of Technical Specialists SITL

- ▶ Performing identification and hazard assessment
- ▶ Performing analysis of risk and threats
- ▶ Performing modeling and projections
- ▶ Performing analysis of mitigation and decontamination techniques
- ▶ Operating specialized equipment
- ▶ Interpreting outputs

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Technical Specialists SITL

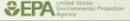
How do you handle all risks?

- ▶ Technical or scientific experts
- ▶ Local experts
- ▶ Computer modeling programs

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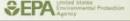
Technical Specialist Considerations SITL

- ▶ Begin identifying needs and sources early
- ▶ Think outside of the box regarding where to obtain a Technical Specialist
- ▶ Technical Specialists may not be accustomed to emergency operations and pressures
- ▶ Provide a thorough briefing to explain position and limitations
- ▶ Check in regularly to provide support

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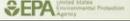
Technical Specialists SITL

- ▶ When do you order them?
 - Incident requires a specialized skill or knowledge you do not have
 - ✓ To analyze or display intelligence, and the skill is not a standard Field Observers or Display & Report Processor skill
 - You do not have time to perform the specialized task
- ▶ Tech/Specs may be used in any unit where specialized skills or knowledge are required

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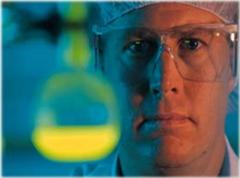
Technical Specialists SITL

- ▶ Tech / Specs can be obtained from a wide variety of sources
- ▶ Start considering needs and sources early
Think outside the box!
- ▶ Care & feeding of Tech / Specs
 - May not be accustomed to emergency ops & pressures
 - Inquire about needed support and explain limitations
 - Good briefing required!

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Technical Specialists SITL

Who are they and
where do they come from?



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Hazmat SITL

- ▶ Local Government
 - Hazmat Techs
 - Environmental Health
 - Emergency Services
 - Planning/Building Dept.
 - Public Works
- ▶ State Agencies
 - EPA/Dept. of Ecology etc.
 - Health/Water
 - State Fire Marshal
 - OES
 - Transportation



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Hazmat SITL

- ▶ USEPA
 - Local offices
 - Regional Offices
 - HQ
 - Special Teams
 - Contractors
- ▶ Other Feds
 - USCG
 - DOD
 - DOE
 - CDC
 - USGS

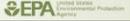


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Hazmat SITL

- ▶ Company or Product Rep
 - Company Response Team
- ▶ Product Organizations
 - CHEMTREC®
 - CHLOREP
- ▶ Environmental / Emergency Contractors

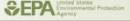


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CBRN / WMD SITL

- ▶ Hazmat resources and possibly:
 - FBI
 - DOD
 - US Military
 - CDC

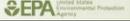


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Floods SITL

- ▶ Flood Control District
- ▶ Levee District
- ▶ Public Works
- ▶ Department of Water Resources
- ▶ Hydrologists
- ▶ Local Planning Dept.
- ▶ Hazmat Tech / Specs

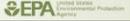


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Earthquake SITL

- ▶ Geologist
- ▶ Structural Engineer
- ▶ Building Dept.
- ▶ Public Works
- ▶ Fire Protection Engineer
- ▶ Hazmat Tech / Specs



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Technical Specialist Precautions SITL

- ▶ Health & Safety
- ▶ Coordination with
 - Operations
 - Logistics
- ▶ PPE
- ▶ Specialized Training and experience
- ▶ Communications

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Technical Specialist Support SITL

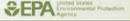
- ▶ DPRO
 - Displays
 - Data Management
 - Reports
- ▶ GIST
 - Digital mapping
 - Large format printing
- ▶ FOBS
 - Field information



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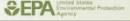
Organization of Technical Specialists SITL

- ▶ Organize around Situation Unit Leader mission to provide IMT with accurate incident status, intelligence reports, and displays that are needed for the IMT to meet incident objectives
- ▶ Consider using a Technical Specialist Manager to reduce span of control and organize Technical Specialists around function
- ▶ Do not duplicate other functions
- ▶ Keep unit as small as possible

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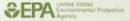
Technical Specialists Units SITL

- ▶ If the workload in a Technical Specialists team becomes too large or complicated for the Situation Unit Leader to manage, the Planning Section Chief may create a Technical Specialists Unit for the purpose of supporting the planning process
- ▶ Examples:
 - Contingency Planning
 - Rehabilitation
 - Water Resources
 - Environmental

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Coordination with Technical Specialist Unit SITL

- ▶ Technical Specialist Units should not duplicate positions and efforts of other units
- ▶ The Planning Section Chief, Situation Unit Leaders, and the Planning Technical Specialist Units must develop clear goals and objectives together
- ▶ The Planning Section Chief and Unit Leaders must develop clear divisions of labor

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SITL

Unit Management

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SITL

Management of the Situation Unit

- ▶ Assign work
- ▶ Set timeframes
- ▶ Schedule personnel
- ▶ Prioritize work



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SITL

Criteria for Successful Management

- ▶ Define goals and objectives to personnel
 - Get input
 - Post
- ▶ Assign personnel based on qualifications, skills, and aptitude
 - Interview before assigning
- ▶ Schedule staff around workload
 - Post schedule
 - Get input from personnel

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Criteria for Successful Management
continued...

- ▶ Practice active listening
 - Pay attention to what is said and not said
- ▶ Be as flexible as you can
 - This is an emergency, but don't add to it
- ▶ Evaluate work and provide prompt feedback
 - Do not let problems fester

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Resolve Conflict

- ▶ Resolve Conflicts
 - Watch out! Conflict can cripple a unit
 - Act early
 - Negotiation, separation, or demobilization

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Personnel Welfare and Safety

- ▶ Assign personnel to jobs for which they are qualified
- ▶ Consider physical requirements
- ▶ Recognize hazards
- ▶ Brief on hazards and hazard mitigation
 - Special precautions for extraordinary hazards
- ▶ Ensure personnel have PPE
- ▶ Monitor fatigue
 - Common cause of driving accidents

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Organizing / Scheduling SITL

- ▶ Manage span of control
- ▶ Develop timetables
- ▶ Organize around function
 - Intelligence
 - Display
- ▶ Situation Unit personnel should overlap to maintain coverage

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Situation Unit Briefings SITL

▶ What	▶ Reporting
▶ How	▶ Quality standard
▶ Who	▶ Work locations
▶ When	▶ Facilities
▶ Contacts	▶ Transportation
▶ Communications	▶ Safety

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Improving Unit Management SITL

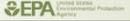
If the Unit is not functioning efficiently, consider:

- ▶ Re-evaluating unit goals and objectives in consultation with Planning Section Chief
- ▶ Tightening procedures for requesting Unit products with IMT
- ▶ Ensuring staff are organized in support of unit goals and objectives

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Demobilization SITL

- ▶ Continually evaluate staffing levels
- ▶ Consider demobilization of nonessential personnel
- ▶ Determine who should go first
 - Record their last day off
 - Who wants to go home?
 - Who needs to go home?

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Unit Review SITL

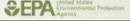
1. What items need to be included in the Situation Unit Leader's kit?
2. What needs to be considered when staffing and organizing the Situation Unit?
3. What ICS positions can the Situation Unit Leader utilize to produce incident intelligence and displays?
4. What are the methods for organizing the Unit for efficient management?
5. What is the criteria for assigning work, setting timeframes and priorities?
6. What considerations need to be made for personnel welfare and safety?

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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Exercise 2

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Unit 5 – Staffing the Situation Unit

Instructions: For each scenario, review the limited information given and determine how you would staff a situation unit to respond to the scenario.

SITL

- ▶ Massive explosion and oil spill in the ocean. Widespread land and animal contamination. 4 states affected. Multiple month clean-up effort. Very political. Massive sampling effort. Extensive GIS support required.
- ▶ Pipeline breach on frozen land. Contained to moderate area. 1 state affected. Difficult relationship w/ responsible party. Short-term response. Some GIS support required.
- ▶ Dirty bomb detonation in urban area. Widespread radiation contamination. 2 states affected. Extensive GIS support required. DOE has the lead.
- ▶ Large VOC release. Widespread monitoring required. 2 states affected. Extensive GIS required.
- ▶ Large political convention. Extensive monitoring. Moderate GIS support. Extensive coordination w/ multiple agencies required.
- ▶ Hurricane. Two states affected. Widespread destruction. Massive orphan drum and removal effort. Massive debris and white-goods disposal required.

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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 6 – Intelligence and Information Products

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1

Unit Terminal Objective

Identify how to obtain, analyze, and disseminate necessary incident intelligence



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2

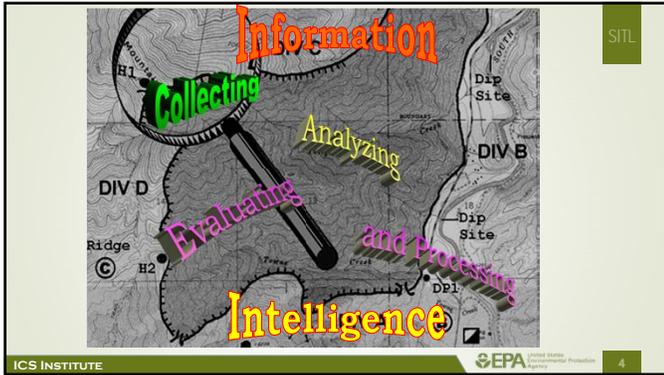
Unit Enabling Objectives

- ▶ Describe the difference between information and intelligence
- ▶ Identify information the Situation Unit Leader may be responsible for obtaining
- ▶ Identify sources of information
- ▶ Identify the ICS positions that provide information and intelligence to the Situation Unit

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3



The Situation Unit's Role re: Information / Intelligence

- ▶ Collect
- ▶ Analyze
- ▶ Evaluate
- ▶ Process
- ▶ Disseminate

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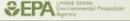
Intelligence vs. Information

Intelligence is information that has been evaluated, analyzed and processed into a useable format for the Incident Management Team.

ICS INSTITUTE EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 6

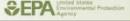
Intelligence vs. Information SITL

- ▶ We must plan how and what information will be needed
- ▶ Information from all sources relative to the incident must be gathered
- ▶ We must consider the past, present and future of the incident
- ▶ Information can be flawed

ICS INSTITUTE  7

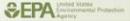
What type of information might each customer request? Why? SITL

- ▶ IC
- ▶ OPS
- ▶ PIO
- ▶ SO
- ▶ Air Operations Branch
- ▶ GSUL (ground support unit leader)
- ▶ RESL
- ▶ COST
- ▶ COMP
- ▶ EOC
- ▶ Resources Advisor and Agency Representatives

ICS INSTITUTE  8

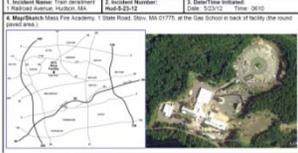
Types of Information SITL

- ▶ Incident status
- ▶ Operational progress
- ▶ Information relevant to others
- ▶ Threats / Risks
- ▶ Hazards
- ▶ Transportation
- ▶ Rehab / Decon / Disposal
- ▶ Communication
- ▶ High tech

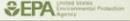
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Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ Any completed ICS 201, 214, SITREP/209, and Incident Action Plan
 - Incident history can give an insight into the future
 - Incident progression mapping
 - Past documents / records
- ▶ Personnel on scene
 - Try to ID first responders
- ▶ Responsible Party
 - Product info
 - Facility info

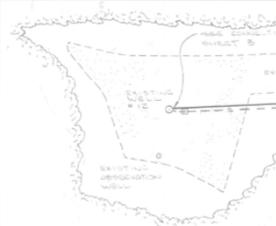


1. Incident Name: Train Derailment
2. Incident Number: MA-6-23-17
3. Date/Time Incident: June 23, 2017 08:10
4. Map/Track Map File Academy: 1 State Road, 01914, MA 01775, at the Gas Station in back of facility the round pond area.

ICS INSTITUTE  10

Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ Local jurisdiction
 - Maps, blueprints, charts
 - Preplans, permits, inspections, maps
 - "Right to know" docs
 - Databases
 - Past incidents
 - Resources
- ▶ Local EPA and State offices
 - Past incidents
 - Tech/Specs



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Sources of Information SITL

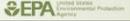
What information might each person be able to provide?

- ▶ PSC
- ▶ IC
- ▶ OPS
- ▶ PIO
- ▶ Air Operations
- ▶ SO
- ▶ RESL
- ▶ GSUL
- ▶ FACL
- ▶ Personnel On Scene
- ▶ Responsible Party

ICS INSTITUTE  12

Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ Planning Section Chief
- ▶ Incident Commander
 - Objectives
 - Contacts
 - Concerns
- ▶ Operations personnel
 - Situation Status
 - Progress
 - Risks / Threats
 - Needs

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Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ Environmental Unit Leader
 - Scientific evaluation
 - Projection models
 - Monitoring and sampling logs
 - Data interpretation
 - QA/QC of data
 - Risk assessments
- Resources Unit Leader
 - Resources on incident (209)
 - Available resources for Situation Unit Leader
 - Incident Action Plan

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Sources of Information SITL

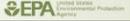
- ▶ Monitoring and sampling
 - Operations
 - ASPECT
 - Mobile laboratories
 - Automated data collection systems
 - ✓ VIPER
 - ✓ TAGA
 - Scribe
 - Evaluation by EU



ICS INSTITUTE  15

Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ Ground Support Unit Leader
 - Transportation
- ▶ Facilities Unit Leader
 - Facility locations / availability

ICS INSTITUTE  16

Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ Information Officer
 - Public, media and political concerns
- ▶ Air Operations
 - Aerial observations
 - Air facilities & hazards
- ▶ Safety Officer
 - Hazards & injuries
 - Observations

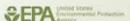


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Sources of Information SITL

Field Observers are used by the Situation Leader to obtain information for the Situation Leader that can not be obtained satisfactorily from other sources.

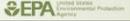
- Situation Leader can deploy them when and where intel is needed in a timely manner.
- Human Intel
- Verification

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Human Intelligence SITL

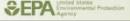
- ▶ Pluses
 - Versatile, real time communication
 - Can make immediate interpretation
 - Can make immediate adjustments
 - Perceptive / sensory



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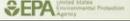
Human Intelligence SITL

- ▶ Minuses
 - Safety
 - Perceptive, prejudices, feelings, and emotions
 - Variable skill level
 - Attitudes
 - Sensory capabilities
 - Communication abilities vary

ICS INSTITUTE  20

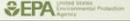
Encourage Debriefing SITL

- ▶ Remind personnel of need to debrief at Tactical Briefing & Planning Meeting
- ▶ Place Display Processor at convenient location
- ▶ Ensure availability of personnel at Unit
- ▶ Let Situation Unit know debriefing priority
- ▶ Remind Incident Management Team at Meeting
- ▶ Tactfully question

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Debriefing SITL

- ▶ Debriefing of incident personnel is **EXTREMELY** important.
 - Can be the best source of accurate and timely input
 - Information for maps and displays
 - Feedback on quality of products
 - Heads-up on product needs

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Debriefing SITL

- ▶ Debriefing methods
 - Have an obvious debriefing station with maps and displays
 - Contact field personnel
 - Seek out personnel at base

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Sources of Information SITL

- ▶ News media
 - Video
 - Aircraft

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Sources of Information

- ▶ Internet
 - News
 - Models
 - Weather Forecast
 - Maps / Charts
 - Images
 - Databases
 - Other



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Sources of Information

- ▶ Imaging
 - Aerial photos
 - Street view
 - Video
 - IR
 - Satellite
 - Assign a DPRO to catalog



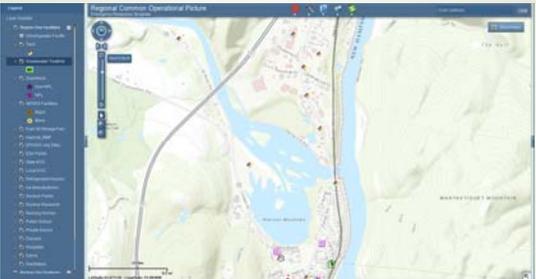
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Region 9 Common Operating Picture – EPA Geoviewer



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Region 1 Common Operating Picture – ER Web Mapping



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Evaluation of Information

- ▶ Cross Reference
- ▶ Cross Examine (tactfully)
 - Look for decisive descriptions and drawings
- ▶ Go out and look at it
 - Personally observe

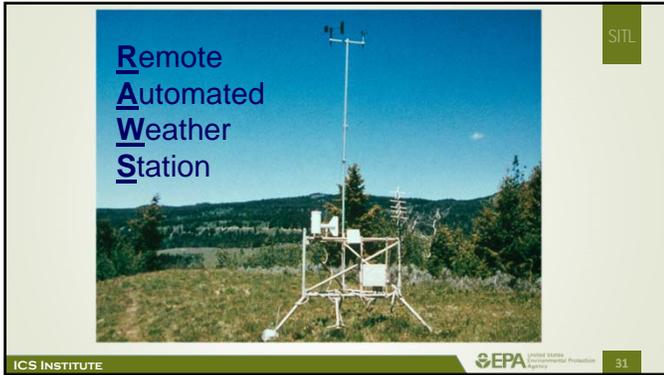


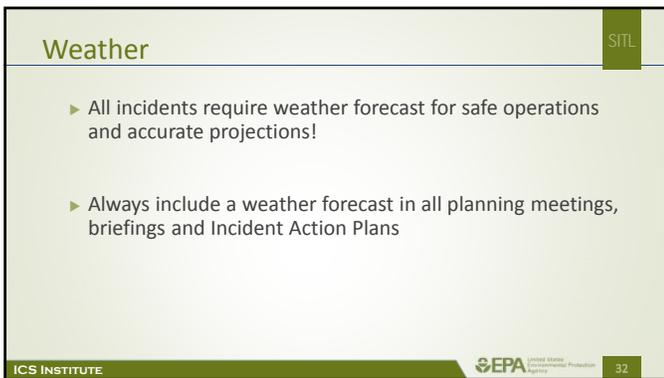
ICS INSTITUTE 29

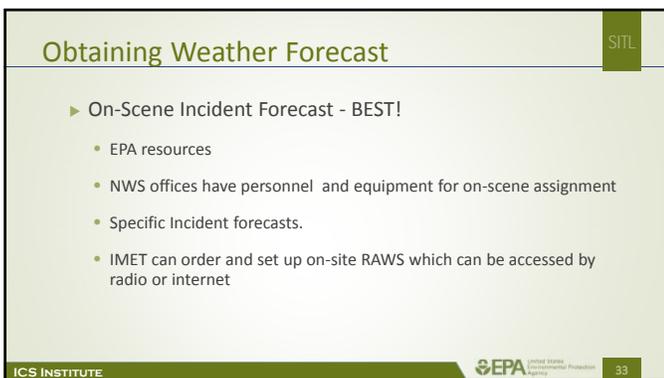
Evaluation of Information

- ▶ Understand the limitations of models and forecasts
- ▶ Second Opinions are not just for Doctors
- ▶ You are Responsible!

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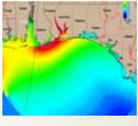




SLOSH: Sea, Lake, & Overland Surges from Hurricanes

SITL

- ▶ Model used to estimate storm surge heights and winds
- ▶ Best for defining the potential maximum storm surge at a specific location along the shoreline
- ▶ Estimated storm surge heights have an accuracy of +/- 20%
- ▶ SLOSH display program allows for the extraction of the output grid into a GIS shapefile



www.ncei.noaa.gov/surges/slosh.php
ICS INSTITUTE

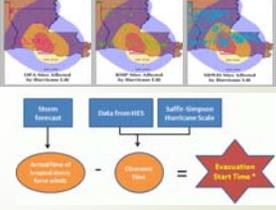
EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40

Stand-alone Software

SITL

- ▶ HURREVAC Storm Tracking and Analysis Software by Sea Island Software



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Aerial Mapping

SITL



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Aerial Mapping SITL

Pro's

- *Fast*
- Good visibility
- Good communication with troops
- GPS from helicopters
- Often only way to view incident as a whole
- Stand-off monitoring
- Imaging platform

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Aerial Mapping SITL

Con's

- Aircraft may not be able to fly exact perimeter
- Weather
- Hazmat plume avoidance
- Mechanical issues
- Pilot and aircraft flight time
- Aircraft availability / Ops priority
- Difficult - Few skilled mappers
- *Airsickness*

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Digital Information SITL

- ▶ Shape (GIS) files at local jurisdiction
 - Facility
 - Roads
 - Sewer and drainage
- ▶ "Right to know"
- ▶ Maps
- ▶ Aerial photos / satellite images
- ▶ Modeling
- ▶ Scribe

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Other Resources

SITL

- ▶ CAMEO program
 - ALOHA used for airborne plume modeling
 - Chemical database, Reactivity worksheet
- ▶ WISER
 - Web- and app- based versions
- ▶ HPAC
 - Defense Threat Reduction Agency's Hazard Prediction and Assessment Capability
 - WMD impacts modeling
- ▶ CALPUFF
 - Long range atmospheric modeling
 - Considers more variables (such as topography)
- ▶ CATS
 - Disaster modeling program

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46

Computer Assisted Management of Emergency Management Operations (CAMEO)

SITL

Suite of 4 programs:

- ▶ [CAMEOfm](#)
- ▶ [CAMEO Chemicals](#)
- ▶ [MARPLOT](#)
- ▶ [ALOHA](#)

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Wireless Information System for Emergency Responders (WISER)

SITL

ICS INSTITUTE <https://wiser.nlm.nih.gov/>
48

Consequences Assessment Toolset (CATS) SITL

ICS INSTITUTE EPA 49

Sharing Information Products SITL

- ▶ <https://response.epa.gov/>
 - Must have log-in
 - Sit-reps, maps, photos, documents
 - Varying levels of access
 - 12/28/16 memo from OLEM, OEI and OPA on epaos.org governance
 - Work with IC, PAD and PSC on determining access to documents

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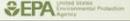
Questions?

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Unit Summary SITL

Are you now able to:

- ▶ Describe the difference between information and intelligence
- ▶ Identify information the Situation Unit Leader may be responsible for obtaining
- ▶ Identify sources of information
- ▶ Identify the ICS positions that provide information and intelligence to the Situation Unit

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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 7 – Situation Report

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1

SITL

Unit Terminal Objective

Demonstrate the ability to select and prepare an Incident Status Summary that is appropriate to support the incident



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2

SITL

Unit Enabling Objectives

- ▶ List at least 4 ICS positions the Situation Unit Leader should consult with to preparing the 209 / SITREP
- ▶ List at least 4 persons / organizations who should receive the approved ICS 209/ SITREP
- ▶ Compare the SITREP to a ICS 209 and POLREP

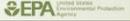
ICS INSTITUTE

EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

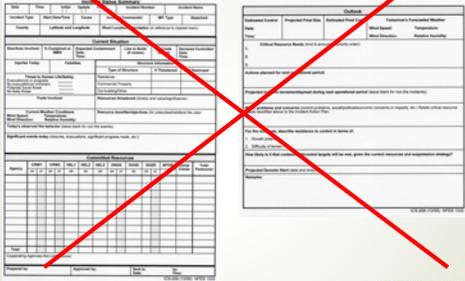
3

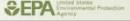
SITREP / ICS 209 Form SITL

- ▶ Purpose of 209 / SITREP is to convey incident status and projection information to agency administrators.
- ▶ It is used by agency administrators to plan for future impacts and to allocate resources.
- ▶ The 209 / SITREP is also used by the Incident Management Team and involved personnel as an incident briefing.
- ▶ Used by PIO as guide for information releases.
- ▶ Prepared at conclusion of each Operational Period

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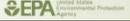
ICS 209 Form – Not Used by EPA SITL



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SITREP / POLREP SITL

- ▶ EPA required document reporting incident status
- ▶ Confer with Planning Section Chief and Incident Commander on timeline and distribution
- ▶ May not be required daily – *but will be at end of operational period.*

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Unit 7 – Situation Report

OSWER Dir.9360.3-03 December 2007 SITL
<https://response.epa.gov/help/PolrepSitrepGuidance.pdf>

ICS INSTITUTE EPA 7

Specific Guidance for POLREPs & SITREPs SITL

ICS INSTITUTE EPA 8

POLREPs SITL

The POLREP is a report required by statute, that is filed by the OSC when working under CERCLA or OPA authorities.

Filed by the OSC

ICS INSTITUTE EPA 9

POLREPs address:

- The source and circumstances of the release
- The identity of potentially responsible parties (PRPs)
- The removal activities performed
- The costs incurred for the removal activities
- The impact and potential impact of the release on public health and welfare, and on the environment

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POLREP Outline / Model Example

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POLREP Example

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SITREP Outline / Model Example

SITL

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SITREPs

SITL

- ▶ Used for Incidents of National Significance under the NRF and for other Stafford Act FEMA-funded actions.
- ▶ Field report which is prepared every operational period by the SITL for the purposes of incident status, status of operations and operational planning.
- ▶ Also very valuable information resource to EPA Regional and Headquarters management. The Sitrep is a primary source of information for management briefings, public information and other external information demands.
- ▶ Filed by PSC

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SITREP Example

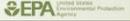
SITL

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SITREP/POLREP Preparation SITL

Incident Commander

- ▶ Guidelines
- ▶ Timeline
- ▶ Distribution

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SITREP/POLREP Preparation (cont.) SITL

Planning Section Chief

- ▶ Guidelines
- ▶ Future plans

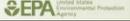
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SITREP/POLREP Preparation (cont.) SITL

Operations Section Chief

- Status
- Progress
- Accomplishments
- Problems
- Priority resources
- Evacuations
- Losses
- Future plans



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SITREP/POLREP Preparation (cont.) SITL

Resources Unit Leader

- ▶ Resources on scene
- ▶ Priority resource needs

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SITREP/POLREP Preparation (cont.) SITL

- ▶ Cost Unit Leader
 - Total and projected costs
- ▶ Safety, Claims, Medical Unit
 - Injuries

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SITREP/POLREP Preparation (cont.) SITL

Field Observer

- Status
- Progress
- Accomplishments
- Problems
- Losses
- Current weather forecast



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SITREP/POLREP Preparation (cont.)

- IMET
 - Predicted weather forecast
- Tech / specs
 - Projected incident behavior
- Liaison
 - Assisting organizations



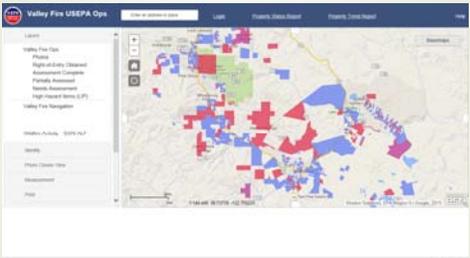
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Common Operating Picture – EPA Geoviewers



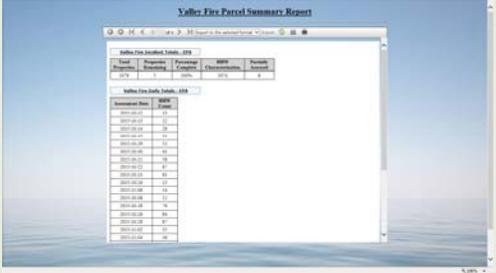
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Incident Specific Flexviewers (response.epa.gov)



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Incident Specific Flexviewers (response.epa.gov) SITL



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying a report titled 'Valley Fire Patrol Summary Report'. The report contains a table with columns for 'Station', 'Status', 'Personnel', 'Equipment', and 'Comments'. The table lists various stations and their corresponding personnel and equipment. The browser's address bar shows 'response.epa.gov'. The slide footer includes the ICS INSTITUTE logo, the EPA logo, and the page number 40.

SITREP/POLREP Distribution – by PSC per IMH SITL

- ▶ Incident Commander(s)
- ▶ IMT KLPs
- ▶ REOC
- ▶ HQ EOC
- ▶ Other EPA management
- ▶ FEMA RRCC / JFO
- ▶ Documentation - Original signed copy

ICS INSTITUTE EPA 41

Other "SITREP" Examples SITL

Combined Valley and Butte Fires Sitrep, prepared at JFO by ESF-10 desk



The screenshot shows a document titled 'Combined Valley and Butte Fires Sitrep, prepared at JFO by ESF-10 desk'. The document includes a header with the EPA logo and a photograph of a fire scene. The text of the sitrep is partially visible, including a 'Status' section and a 'Reporting Period' section. The slide footer includes the ICS INSTITUTE logo, the EPA logo, and the page number 42.

Other "SITREP" Examples SITL

Oroville Dam CA –
HQ EOC Spot
Report



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Other "SITREP" Examples SITL

Oroville Dam CA –
HQ EOC Spot
Report (cont.)



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Unit Summary SITL

Are you now able to:

- ▶ List at least 4 ICS positions the Situation Unit Leader should consult with to preparing the 209 / SITREP
- ▶ List at least 4 persons / organizations who should receive the approved ICS 209/ SITREP
- ▶ Compare the SITREP to a ICS 209 and POLREP

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Questions?

ICS INSTITUTE

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

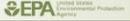
46

Exercise 3 – Compare and Contrast Sit Reps

SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Exercise 3 – Compare and Contrast Sit Reps

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SITL

Situation Unit Leader & the Incident Action Plan

- ▶ As a team review the assigned report(s)
- ▶ Given the response type and authority, was correct type of report (Polrep / Sitrep) used?
- ▶ Compare the reports with each other
 - What is similar?
 - What is different?
 - How well do the SITREPs fulfill their intended purpose?
- ▶ Report out with your observations

ICS INSTITUTE  2

Region 9 START Case Study: Valley Fire Response

Jeremy Johnstone
Federal On-Scene Coordinator
March 22, 2017



1

Incident Description

- The Valley Fire started at 13:24 on September 12, 2015, and primarily impacted the communities of **Middletown**, **Hidden Valley Lake**, and **Cobb** in Lake County, California. In addition, portions of northern Napa and eastern Sonoma Counties were impacted by the fire.
- The fire affected a total of **76,067 acres**, destroying **1,958 structures** including:
 - 1,280 residences
 - 27 multi-family structures
 - 66 commercial structures
 - 585 minor structures (e.g., out buildings or sheds)

2

Affected Communities

- **Middletown (148 square miles)**
 - Includes Middletown, Anderson Springs, Harbin Springs, Guenoc Valley, and Coyote Valley
 - Residential, Commercial, and Agricultural Land Use
- **Hidden Valley Lake (10 square miles)**
 - Residential Land Use
- **Cobb (73.5 square miles)**
 - Includes Cobb, Loch Lomond and Whispering Pines
 - Residential, Commercial, and Agricultural Land Use

3

Household Hazardous Waste

Hazardous?

- Flammable / Combustible
- Explosive / Reactive
- Corrosive
- Toxic

Typically..

- Propane Cylinders
- Automotive Products
- Home Improvement Products
- Pesticides / Herbicides
- Cleaning Products
- Paint-Related Materials

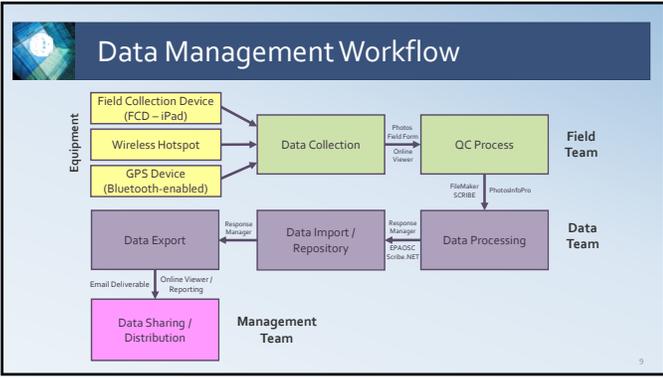
High-Hazard Items

High-Hazard?

- Require experienced, trained personnel for identification and handling
- Require specialized equipment for removal and transport

Typically..

- Fuel-Containing ASTs
- Intact Thick-Walled Cylinders
- Bulging Drums
- Ammunition
- Dangerous Trees



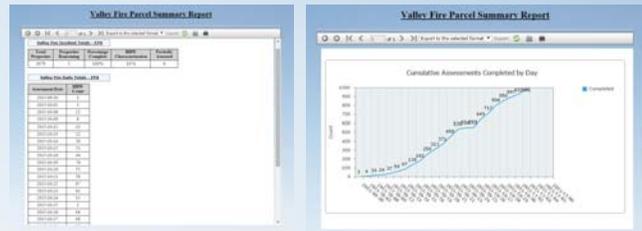
Online Viewer - Photos

- Field Photos Collection**
 - Captured with Field Collection Devices (iPad)
 - Processed using PhotosInfoPro App
 - Managed via EPAOSC.org
- Field Photos Display**
 - Pop-up Window
 - Date Captured
 - Description (APN)
 - Latitude / Longitude



The screenshot shows a map interface with a pop-up window. The pop-up window contains the following information: ID: 254702, Description: 014-014-02-0000, Date Taken: 10/10/2015, Category: 1000, Latitude: 38.71247, Longitude: -122.417172, and View Image: (click info).

Data Reporting



The left screenshot shows a table titled 'Valley Fire Parcel Summary Report' with columns for APN, Parcel, and Status. The right screenshot shows a line graph titled 'Cumulative Assessments Completed by Day' with a y-axis labeled 'Assessments' and an x-axis labeled 'Day'.

Challenges

There were *four primary challenges* encountered..

- Navigation
- Coordination
- Systems
- Efficiency



Navigation Challenges

- **Identifying Property Addresses**
 - High-intensity, fast-moving fire destroyed road signs, landmarks, mailboxes, curb markings, and structures themselves
- **Cellular Coverage**
 - Cellular coverage and internet access deteriorated in remote areas
 - Online Viewer relied upon stable internet connectivity
- **Rights-of-Entry (ROE)**
 - ROE forms grant access to properties
 - Transcription, transposition, and duplication errors
 - No data validation or input masks were imposed
 - Property owners rescinded ROEs



16

Approach to Navigational Challenges

- **iPad / Viewer with GPS and Wireless Hotspot**
 - Indicator revealed position / location
 - Base layers with labeled parcels and street names
 - Colored assessment status designations for targeted properties
- **Map Atlas**
 - Navigation backup
- **Field Markings (Spray Paint)**
 - Navigation guidance
 - Designate properties as surveyed
 - Identify hazardous items
- **Mobile Phone**



17

Coordination Challenges

- **Deployment Areas**
 - Initial deployment based upon density of incomplete targeted parcels
 - Deployment became dependent upon the progress of other agencies
- **Assessment Procedures (Scenarios)**
 - Criteria for determination of HHW and HH Items was frequently revised
- **Overlapping Efforts**
 - Multiple field teams and agencies deployed to different communities
 - Encountered properties that had already been remediated
- **Revisiting Properties**
 - Survey and Assessment Teams worked in parallel, though independently
 - Property categorized as *Partial* until both had been completed
- **Agencies / Remediation Activities**
 - Completion of work frequently relied on the activities of another contractor / agency



18

Approach to Coordination Challenges

- **Neighborhood Grouping**
 - Deployment based upon neighborhoods / communities
- **Morning / Evening Field Meetings**
- **Daily Meeting (between other ICPs)**
- **Viewer Tracking**
 - Online Viewer allowed Incident personnel to share their progress internally and externally with other agencies
 - Credentials were provided to field and data management personnel, limiting the ability to edit underlying spatial data to those with appropriate authorization
- **Email Communications**
 - Steady information flow was established among Incident personnel, REOC and stakeholders.
 - Email summarizing HHW survey and assessment progress (tabular format)
 - Email with information about HH items and HH team (tabular format)

Systems Challenges

- **Property Tracking Method**
 - Used *multiple*, coordinated systems
 - Response Manager
 - Online Viewer
 - Map Atlas
 - Logbooks / Tabular Formats
- **Custom FileMaker Application**
 - Multiple revisions in response to evolving Data Quality Objectives (DQOs)
 - Each revision required quality control, testing, and re-installation on each FCD
- **Photos**
 - Quantity of photographs exceeded the EPAOSC capacity
 - FileMaker was revised to incorporate photo capture creating confusion

What are we using?

Approach to Systems Challenges

- **Refine Procedure with Experienced Personnel**
 - The command and general staff took an active role in the early data management and development stages of the Valley Fire Response
- **Finalizing DQOs**
 - DQOs changed considerably during the project life cycle
 - Once these DQOs were clearly outlined and documented, software and database development stabilized
- **Protocol Finalized / Field Meetings**
 - Protocols for field operations were finalized and transmitted to field teams during the operations briefing
 - Criteria for decision making were clearly defined for different scenarios encountered by field personnel

Efficiency Challenges

- **Data Processing**
 - Multi-step process requiring equipment and software expertise
 - Credentials and training required
 - Occurred daily *following* field activities
- **Database Queries**
 - Established database queries required updating and revision (DQOs)
 - Query Tool within Response Manager software required working knowledge of SQL queries
- **Reporting Deliverable**
 - Manual process delivered via Email
 - Required final QC
 - Required formatting

What's taking so long?

22

Approach to Efficiency Challenges

- **Data Manager Gatekeeper**
 - DMU governed the flow of data from field to management personnel
 - Primary contact for all inquiries about data collection and processing
- **Assigned QC and Reporting Role**
- **Coordination with Developers**
 - Brief daily conference calls were conducted to communicate progress and to notify developers of existing bugs and changing requirements

23

SITL

Situation Unit Leader

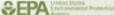
Unit 10 – Geospatial Introduction and the Common Operating Picture

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SITL

Unit Objectives

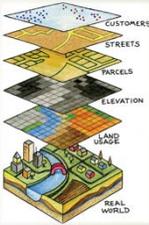
- ▶ Understand the challenges and benefits of using GIS during an Emergency Response
- ▶ Recognize the importance of spatial precision and the hardware/software
- ▶ Understanding the Common Operating Picture (COP)

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SITL

Geographic Information System (GIS)

GIS is a technological field that incorporates geographical features with tabular data in order to map, analyze, and assess real-world problems. The key word to this technology is Geography – this means that some portion of the data is spatial.



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GIS Visualized SITL

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Objectives for GIS in Emergency Response SITL

- ▶ Provide mapping, database, reporting, and geospatial analysis capabilities
- ▶ Provide map output in a variety of formats
- ▶ Generate spatial data layers from numerous data feeds
- ▶ Make geospatial data available across the entire operating environment
- ▶ Provide documented products and data suitable for archiving
- ▶ Quickly mobilize to become operational in a wide range of scenarios

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Challenges for GIS in Emergency Response SITL

- ▶ Accessing large datasets
- ▶ Providing data access and exchange capabilities in the field
- ▶ Providing enough processing and disk space in the field to support GIS
- ▶ Assembling monitoring information databases quickly
- ▶ Providing field data collection hardware for growing ER
- ▶ Providing large-format paper output to field operations
- ▶ Staffing a GIS unit for immediate to long-term deployment

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SITL

Software and Techy Stuff

The tools used to create and deploy GIS

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SITL

GIS Software Suite

- ▶ **ArcGIS Desktop** is the GIS software predominately used by EPA
 - Primary components:
 - ✓ ArcCatalog
 - ✓ ArcMap
 - ✓ ArcToolbox
 - ✓ ArcGIS Server
- ▶ Microsoft SQL Server
- ▶ Hosting environment (where applicable)
 - ER Cloud
 - ✓ Virtualized environment with multiple servers configured to work together

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SITL

Spatial Metadata

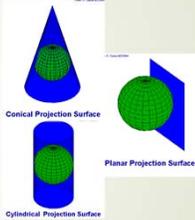
- ▶ Descriptive information about data
 - Who, what, why, when, where, and how of the data
 - Must conform to federal guidelines (e.g. FGDC compliant)
- ▶ Important for cataloging and documenting the data
 - Needed to search for, and determine use of data
 - Can be used to fulfill documentation requirements
- ▶ All data layers should have accompanying metadata
- ▶ EPA Metadata Editor (EME) – primary tool for creating EPA collected and managed data

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Projections and Coordinate Systems SITL

▶ A **projection** is a method by which the curved surface of the earth is portrayed on a flat surface. This generally requires a systematic mathematical transformation of the earth's graticule of lines of longitude and latitude onto a plane. ESRI - <http://support.esri.com/en/knowledgebase/GISDictionary/term/projection>

- Conic - Alber's Equal Area
- Cylindrical – Mercator
- Planar - Lambert



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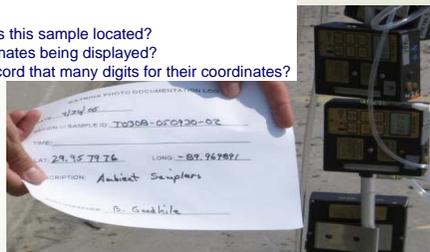
Precision SITL

- ▶ Lat / Long coordinates are the preferred method of recording location information
- ▶ Latitude and longitude coordinates can be displayed in many different formats, the most common are
 - Decimal Degrees
 - ✓ example: 33.975361, -98.064712
 - Degrees Minutes Seconds
 - ✓ example: 33° 58' 03" N, 98° 03' 52" W
 - Decimal Minutes
 - ✓ example: 33° 58.05' N, 98° 03.87' W
- ▶ Decimal degrees is the preferred format
 - Recordings should be made to at least 4 (preferably 5) decimal places

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Lat / Long Quiz SITL

Quiz:
 Q1: Where in the U.S. is this sample located?
 Q2: How are the coordinates being displayed?
 Q3: Do they need to record that many digits for their coordinates?



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SITL

Common Operating Picture

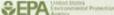
Developing and maintaining the COP in Emergency Response

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SITL

The Common Operational Picture

- ▶ **CENTRALIZES** all the **COMPLEXITY** of an Emergency Response
- ▶ Allows for a **SIMPLE IMPLEMENTATION** process
- ▶ Agency wide **STANDARDIZATION**
- ▶ **SCALEABLE**
- ▶ **A CONSISTENT POWERFULL** tool to be put in the hands of our responders across regions and HQ for increased **SIUTATIONAL AWARENESS**
- ▶ **A CONSISTENT COMMUNICATION** information tool for all levels of involved agencies – from field data users to Regional users to HQ Decision Makers

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SITL

Common Operating Picture

- ▶ Information flow is too dynamic to only rely on printed maps
- ▶ Need an interactive map that is capable of incorporating multiple data streams with live updates
- ▶ Needs to be hosted somewhere were all response partners can view the information
- ▶ Process needs to exist to rapidly develop and deploy COPs for incidents
- ▶ Each Region is provided hosting space on Amazon as part of the ER Cloud to support their COPs

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Role of the COP SITL

- ▶ Provide clear and concise response intelligence
- ▶ Mash up various data types into a common platform
- ▶ Provide real / near-time situational awareness
- ▶ Provide both a geospatial and tabular view of ER information
- ▶ Provide interaction with data (including viewing, editing, reporting, etc.)



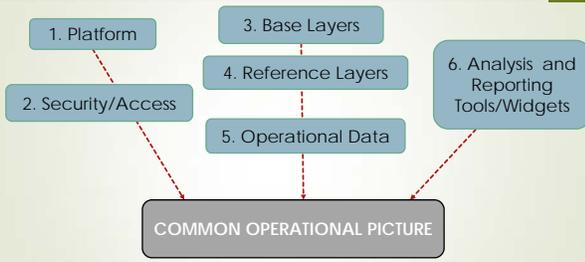
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Audience SITL

- ▶ Operations
- ▶ Incident Management Team (IMT)
- ▶ EPA Senior Management
- ▶ State and local responding parties
- ▶ Public

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Components SITL



ICS INSTITUTE 

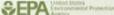
Data Components – Base Layers SITL

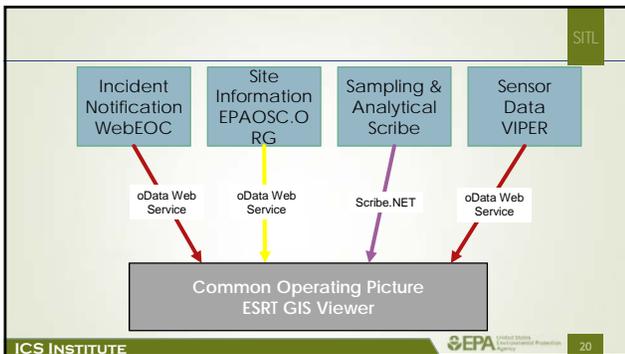
- ▶ **Data Files**
 - Imagery, Topo Maps, CAD Drawings
- ▶ **The Internet of things – Base Layer Web Services**
 - Imagery, TOPO, Streets, Grey Maps
 - Desktop, Web Viewers, Mobile Apps
 - Cached and Readily Available
 - Download for Tiled disconnected use

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Data Components – Reference Data SITL

- ◆ HSIP Data Layers
- ◆ Regional Reference Layers
- ◆ EPA Grid
- ◆ EPA Facilities
- ◆ Census Data
- ◆ Shared Services from Other Agencies
 - NOAA, FEMA, USGS, States, Counties

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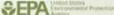
Data Components – Operational Data SITL

- ▶ Static and Dynamic Data
- ▶ Assessment Data and Reports
- ▶ Air Monitoring Data and Reports
- ▶ Sample Data and Reports
- ▶ Post Incident Imagery
- ▶ Media
 - Photos
 - Videos

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Data Components – Sharing Data SITL

- ▶ Sharing these with other Agencies
 - ...in a RESTful Way
 - ✓ ArcGIS Services
 - Web Reporting Services
 - ✓ SQL and Telerick Reporting

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GIS Data Collection SITL

- ▶ Local GIS data management
- ▶ Mobile apps such as..
 - Collector for ArcGIS
 - Survey123 for ArcGIS
 - Workforce for ArcGIS
 - iFormBuilder
 - Filemaker
- ▶ Old fashioned pen and paper

Options always changing, focus on the process not the tool



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Interactive GIS Products SITL

- ▶ Tailor how you are delivering the spatial data to the way your audience needs to consume it
 - Web-based mapping apps
 - ✓ Interactive maps with loads of functionality
 - ✓ Dashboards with heavy reporting components
 - ✓ Story Maps with narrative
 - Mobile GIS
- ▶ Understand and make known the expectations of your mapping products
 - Content and frequency of updates
 - Type of data and distribution limitations (e.g. security or accessibility)

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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Geospatial Products and Resource Management

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SITL

Unit Objectives

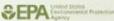
- ▶ Discuss the various geospatial products that support an ER
- ▶ Understand the geospatial technologies used by the IMT
- ▶ Understand the management of GIS resources

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SITL

Geospatial Products

Mapping products that support the COP / IMT

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Types of Mapping Products SITL

- ▶ Standard hardcopy maps
 - Tried and True method that will never go away (but we can hope...)
 - Requested and used by anyone involved in the response
- ▶ Mobile mapping products
 - Map products used by field personnel on mobile devices (e.g. iOS and Android devices)
- ▶ Web-based mapping products
 - Dynamic map product conveying a large amount of information
 - Can be used by anyone involved in the response (Operations, Planning, Logistics, etc.)

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Physical Maps & Map Books SITL

- ▶ Rare bird, soon to be extinct
- ▶ Situations may arise when you need to produce them
- ▶ Ensure you have the resources (plotters, paper, etc.)

STATIC!!!



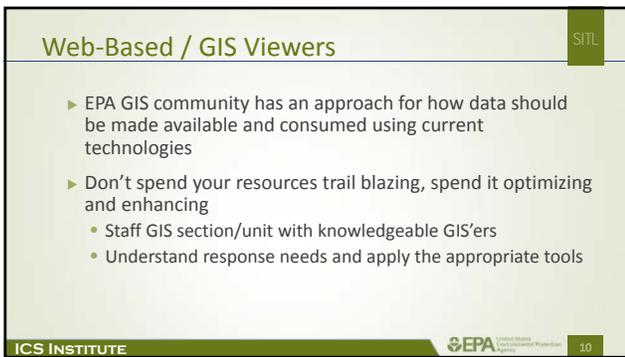
ICS INSTITUTE  4

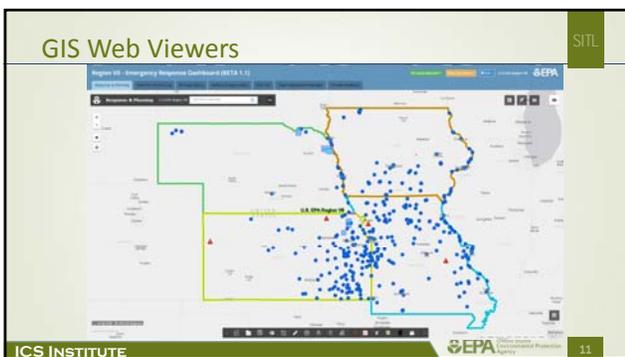
Maps – What to Look For SITL

- ▶ Does it meet map standards set for the ER?
- ▶ Is it easily understandable?
- ▶ Does it meet the intended purpose (will the requestor be able to use it)?
- ▶ Is it needed?
- ▶ Can it be used without additional information?
- ▶ Is the information contained within current?

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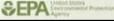
Usability Tools and Widgets SITL

- ▶ Print
- ▶ Location Search
- ▶ Save/Share Current Map
- ▶ Sensitive Species Search
- ▶ Layer Swipe
- ▶ Trace Downstream
- ▶ Heat Map
- ▶ Weather
- ▶ Add Layer
- ▶ Identify
- ▶ Measurement
- ▶ Google Street View
- ▶ Go to Coordinate
- ▶ Bookmark
- ▶ Data Queries Search
- ▶ So Many more.....

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Reporting / Analysis Tools and Widgets SITL

- ▶ **SCRIBE Reporting Tools**
 - Web Reports
 - ✓ Pop-Up - Hyperlinks
 - Widgets
SCRIBE Analytical Tool and SADIE
- ▶ **Viper Reporting Tools**
 - Web Reports
 - ✓ Pop-Up Hyperlinks
- ▶ **Operational Data Reporting Tools**
 - Widgets
 - Web Reports

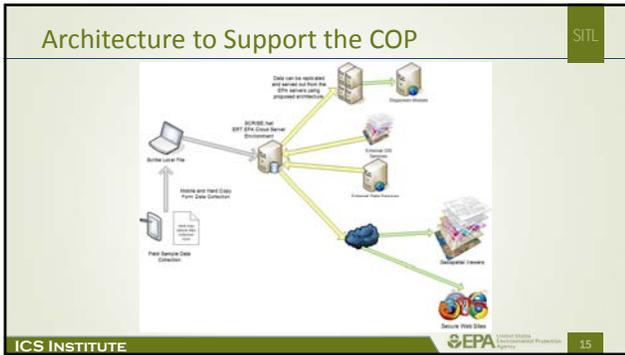
ICS INSTITUTE  13

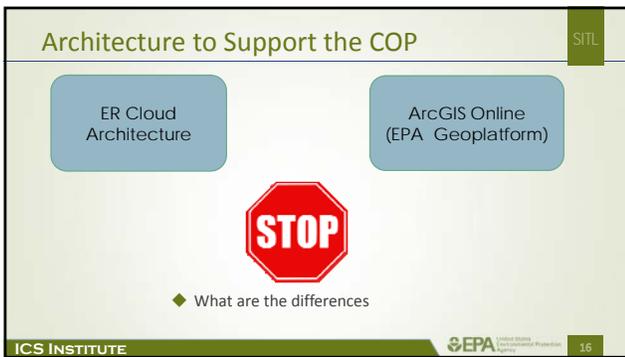
Security & Hosting SITL

- ▶ **GeoPlatform**
 - EPA Network login
 - Public Viewers
- ▶ **ER Cloud**
 - Response.EPA.GOV embedding



ICS INSTITUTE  14





- ### ER Cloud
- ▶ Regional resource currently funded by OEM
 - ▶ Regional IT Forum rep is best initial point of contact
 - ▶ Cloud server space – currently Amazon
 - GIS server
 - Database server
 - Operational data goes here!!
- ICS INSTITUTE
- EPA
- 17

GeoPlatform SITL

- ▶ EPA tools for making and sharing maps
- ▶ epa.maps.arcgis.com
- ▶ Requires account login – EPA LAN accounts used
- ▶ Need to request access for non-EPA users
- ▶ Security plan does not currently cover non-public (operational) data
- ▶ Can still use tools for operational viewers, just need to store data in ER cloud

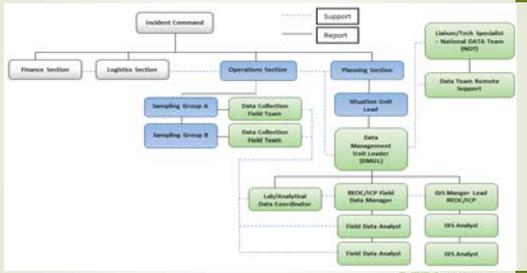
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Resource Required SITL

- ▶ **Architecture**
 - Data Flow Process
 - Required Databases
 - ✓ SQL and Spatially Enabled Tables
 - ✓ GIS Feature Databases/Shapefiles
- ▶ **Personnel**
- ▶ **AGOL Account/Approvals**
 - Credits
- ▶ **Technical Exports**
- ▶ **Maintenance Plans**

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Resources to Support the COP SITL



```

graph TD
    IC[Incident Command] --- S[Support]
    IC --- R[Report]
    IC --- FS[Finance Section]
    IC --- LS[Logistics Section]
    IC --- OS[Operations Section]
    IC --- PS[Planning Section]
    OS --- SA[Sampling Group A]
    OS --- SB[Sampling Group B]
    OS --- DC1[Data Collection Field Team]
    OS --- DC2[Data Collection Field Team]
    PS --- SULL[Situation Unit Lead]
    PS --- DML[Data Management Unit Leader]
    PS --- DRS[Data Review Resource Support]
    DML --- LAC[Lab/Analytical Data Coordinator]
    DML --- WDC[WDC/ICP Field Data Manager]
    DML --- DM[Data Manager Lead WDC/ICP]
    WDC --- FSA[Field Data Analyst]
    WDC --- YDA[Field Data Analyst]
    DM --- DA[Data Analyst]
    DM --- YDA2[YDA Analyst]
  
```

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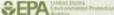
Documentation...part of the DMP SITL

- ▶ **Architecture**
 - Where does each piece live
 - Data Flow Process
 - Software/Hardware
 - Versions required
- ▶ **Data**
 - Sources
 - Warehouses
 - Update Processes
- ▶ **Access**
 - Security/ Who has Access

ICS INSTITUTE  21

Decisions, Decisions, Decisions.... SITL

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Purpose ▶ Audience <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operations • REOC • HQ • Public ▶ Security <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public vs Shared • User group Management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Operational Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DQO Data Requirements ▶ Reporting Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operational Periods
---	--

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Management of GIS Resources SITL

- ▶ Map Request 213 Form
 - Still available!
 - Can still be useful with a GIS viewer – use to track modification, bookmark requests, etc.
 - Useful to prioritize requests

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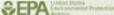
Management of GIS Resources SITL

- ▶ People
 - Staffing can be on-site, off-site, combination
 - Optimize on-site to support operations, shift other functions off-site if needed
 - Where are GIS resources on the org chart?

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Management of GIS Resources SITL

- ▶ Coordination needs to happen early and often
- ▶ Requirements from IC, OPS, EU on displaying data to support the site
- ▶ Discussions with Public Affairs – can you support their tasks effectively?

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Management of GIS Resources SITL

- ▶ Data Management Plans
 - Regional and Site Specific
 - Don't forget documentation – incorporate into your required resources

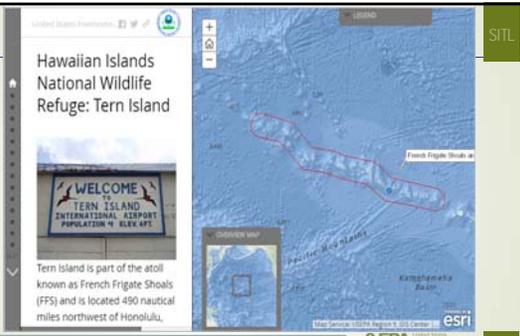
ICS INSTITUTE  26

Story Map SITL

- ▶ GIS Viewer as the backbone
- ▶ Functionality to enable a curated navigation of that data
- ▶ Enhanced ability to add context, narrative
- ▶ Controlled view of what layers, extent are visible at any given point
- ▶ Allow for automation of content updates
- ▶ Clear delineations of who is responsible for which sections of content
- ▶ Really, really, good looking presentation

ICS INSTITUTE  27

Hawaiian Islands National Wildlife Refuge: Tern Island SITL



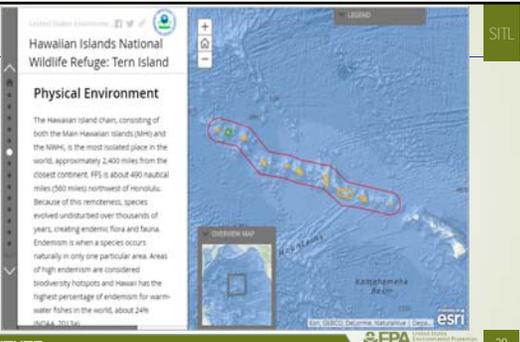
Tern Island is part of the atoll known as French Frigate Shoals (FFS) and is located 490 nautical miles northwest of Honolulu.

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Hawaiian Islands National Wildlife Refuge: Tern Island SITL

Physical Environment

The Hawaiian island chain, consisting of both the Main Hawaiian Islands (MHI) and the NIIHL, is the most isolated place in the world, approximately 2,400 miles from the closest continent. FFS is about 490 nautical miles (900 miles) northwest of Honolulu. Because of this remoteness, species evolved undisturbed over thousands of years, creating endemic flora and fauna. Endemism is when a species occurs naturally in only one particular area. Areas of high endemism are considered biodiversity hotspots and Hawaii has the highest percentage of endemism for warm-water fishes in the world, about 24% (Ward & 2003).



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United States Environment

Hawaiian Islands National Wildlife Refuge: Tern Island

Physical Environment - Climate and Sea Level Rise

Ocean temperature is an important physical factor that influences coral reefs and other marine ecosystems in the HIRN. FYI, ocean surface temperature typically stays between 23.0 and 27.5 degrees Celsius.

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30

United States Environment

Hawaiian Islands National Wildlife Refuge: Tern Island

Biological Environment - Birds

Seabird Feeding Strategies (Johnson, 1977)

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31

United States Environment

Hawaiian Islands National Wildlife Refuge: Tern Island

1999 Marine Tissue Analysis

Thirty-two (32) marine tissue samples were collected from the area directly offshore from the landfill and from the northeastern, northwestern, southeastern, and southwestern corners of Tern Island.

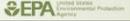
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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

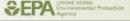
Unit 15 - Final Exercise

ICS INSTITUTE  1

SITL

Situation Unit Leader

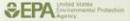
- ▶ Oh, by the way....
- ▶ Course Materials are available for viewing/downloading at https://www.epaos.org/site/site_profile.aspx?site_id=11486
- ▶ Security level is “private”. You must register and be logged in.

ICS INSTITUTE  2

SITL

Exercise Objectives

- ▶ Practical Exercise
 - Participants should apply knowledge gained during training to perform SITL-related tasks.
 - ✓ Work with various ICS positions (played by instructors)
 - ✓ Field and prioritize various requests
 - Report out – provide feedback on your Situation Unit Leader experiences
 - ✓ What went well?
 - ✓ What challenges did you encounter?

ICS INSTITUTE  3

The Disaster SITL

▶ On September 12, 2015 a fire broke out in Cobb, CA, ultimately burning over 76,000 acres in Lake County. 4 lives were lost and 1,958 structures were destroyed.



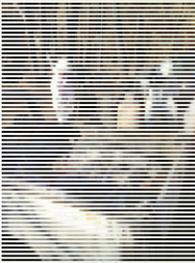
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Exercise Scenario SITL

EPA has been asked by the State of CA (and tasked by FEMA) to assist by collecting and disposing of HHW.

An ICP and HHW staging area have been established and collection operations have recently commenced.

EPA has also deployed staff to the FEMA JFO to coordinate ESF #10 activities.



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Exercise Scenario (cont.) SITL

- ▶ Date: 10/14/15
- ▶ Reporting Period: 10/13-14/15
- ▶ Next Report Due: 10/14/15
- ▶ On-site situational reporting has been managed by USCG Pacific Strike Team member
- ▶ Due to a sudden illness, you, an EPA SITL have been deployed to take over this function
- ▶ Anticipated length of response: 2 – 3 months

ICS INSTITUTE EPA UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 6

Task 1 – Develop Staffing Plan

SITL

- ▶ The Sit Unit currently consists of one SITL and one START, with reachback GIS support from the REOC.
- ▶ Public concern about odors and particulate have caused the IC to task OPS to provide mobile and fixed real time VOC and particulate monitoring by 10/15.
- ▶ The PSC wants you to develop a staffing plan to support increased mapping demand from the ICP. Notify him when you're ready



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Task 2 – Web Mapping App

SITL

- ▶ OPS wants you to help conduct a briefing, by operating the incident's web-based mapping application as he narrates.
- ▶ <http://r9.ercloud.org/ValleyFire/>
- ▶ OPS will provide you with his script. The data is already mapped. Be prepared to demonstrate ability to show correct layers in requested order. Notify him when you're ready

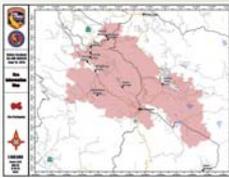


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Task 3 – Respond to Info Requests

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- ▶ During this exercise, the IC and OPS will be asking questions or making data requests.
- ▶ Utilize resources to provide answers and solutions
 - POLREP#1
 - The web-based mapping application
 - Coordinate with players (IC, OPS, PSC or the Sit Unit START)
 - For all other contacts or info, ask "SIMCELL"



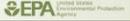
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Task 4 – POLREP Improvements

SITL

- ▶ Critically evaluate POLREP #1
www.epaossc.org/2016_SITL_Final_Exercise
- ▶ Identify at least three things you would do to improve the website as a one-stop shop for operational situational information
- ▶ Identify at least three things to improve the POLREP
- ▶ Write your comments on flip chart paper
- ▶ When ready, brief PSC



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Things to Remember

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- ▶ No fault exercise
- ▶ Low stress – enjoy and ask a lot of questions
- ▶ Refer to your presentations and IMH for guidance
- ▶ This is an exercise, there are artificialities and assumptions built in (roll with it)
- ▶ We will play for about 2 hours (or less), followed by a short debrief/hot wash.



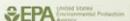
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Begin Exercise

SITL

Before
and
After



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SITL

Situation Unit Leader

Unit 16 – Closing Out the Situation Unit

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SITL

Objectives

- ▶ List at least 3 reasons a planned close-out of the Situation Unit is needed.
- ▶ List at least 3 major requirements in closing out the Situation Unit.
- ▶ Describe the advantages of a planned close-out.
- ▶ Describe the risks of unplanned close-out.

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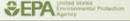
Elements of Closing Out the Situation Unit

- ▶ Cost documentation and settlement.
- ▶ Matching staffing to the support needed. Scaling down staffing and support as you get toward the end of the response.
- ▶ Unit/Project Documentation to archive is required.
- ▶ Migrating data and applications to archive or elsewhere for continued use.
- ▶ Disposition of hardware and software acquired specifically for the response.

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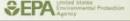
When Do You Start Planning Close-out? SITL

- ▶ As soon as is possible. Ideally you are evaluating staffing needs continuously throughout the incident, close-out is just the last phase of matching staffing to workload. As the response winds down, fewer staff providing support in the Situation Unit will be needed.
- ▶ Developing a Concept of Operations (ConOps) document for the Unit may be helpful.
- ▶ Communication with Ops, Planning and Incident Command is required to understand incident time-lines and support needs at all times.

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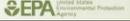
Each Incident is Different... SITL

- ▶ Regional and smaller responses are typically easier to close down. They tend to have a shorter time frame, fewer staff within an IMT, fewer agencies involved in Unified Command. They frequently don't have the same funding accountability issues as large responses.
- ▶ Staging events (national events like the Superbowl, DNC or RNC) have a set schedule, the workload is highest before the event, and staffing/workload are more predictable. Close out should be planned from the beginning.

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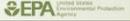
Each Incident is Different... SITL

- ▶ Very large national responses such as Katrina or Deepwater Horizon are the most difficult to plan an orderly close out. They tend to be much longer in duration, large in geographic scope, have multiple agencies and jurisdictions involved, and have many rotations of personnel in all IMT/staff positions. They rarely have a response timeline established until months into the response, and mission assignments can be added or changed.

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Reasons for Planning Close-out SITL

- ▶ Financial – In larger responses FEMA or another agency/entity is paying for the response. Every large response will be audited. A constant part of your job is wise expenditure of funds.
- ▶ Documentation Requirement - To ensure all unit/event documentation (email, map products, procurements, contracting) are submitted to designated archive.
- ▶ Determine equipment/software disposition acquired for the response.
- ▶ To communicate intent and timeline to everyone in the IMT and all others affected.
- ▶ Failing to plan will ensure your deployment workload follows you back to your day job...

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Close Out Requirements SITL

- ▶ Ensure all Unit documentation is provide to designated archive. This is required for every event. Host region or HQ will determine archive procedure.
- ▶ Ensure all data and applications are migrated to appropriate archive and to the host region or other agencies who may have a need for ongoing use.
- ▶ Ensure the disposition of hardware and software acquired during the response.
- ▶ Ensure right-sized staffing through-out the response as it winds down.
- ▶ Ensure hand-off of response support to host region or locals.

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Advantages of Planning Close Out SITL

- ▶ Orderly transition and scaling down of staff/resources to match IMT/response needs.
- ▶ Orderly hand off to host region or other agency for ongoing work.
- ▶ Ensuring documentation requirements and equipment disposition determinations are met.
- ▶ Minimizing the amount of event workload that follows you back to your day job.

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Risks of Not Planning for Close Out SITL

- ▶ Frantic scramble at the end of a response and beyond to finalize close out.
- ▶ Poor or no useful hand off of data, tools, information and intelligence to host region, state or local government.
- ▶ Actual loss of data or documentation.
- ▶ Creates the possibility of increased expenditures at the end of the event exactly when the funding tightens up.
- ▶ Bringing event workload home after your deployment!

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QUESTIONS?



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